File—Serial Charge Out

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Section #23

Employee

RECHARGE

Date 5/3/77

To: __________________________

From: __________________________

Initials of Clerk

Date

Date Charged

Employee: __________________________

Location
File—Serial Charge Out

File: 130-153710

Serial No.  

□ Pending □ Closed

Description of Serial

Serial sent to Bureau, per Buairtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77, titled; Bernard S. Lee v. Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.
BuFile 62-117194d

Section #23

RECHARGE

Date 5/3/77.

To

From

Initial of Clerk

Date

Employee

Date Charged

Location
Serial sent to Bureau, per Buairtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77, titled; Bernard S. Lee v. Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.
BuFile 62-117194d

Section #23

To

RECHARGE

Date 5/3/77

From

Initital of

Cher

Date

Employee

Date Charged

Location
Memorandum

TO: SAC, RICHMOND
FROM: SA RANDOLPH E. TROW

DATE: 5/7/65

SUBJECT: INFORMATION FURNISHED
BY SECURITY INFORMANT

The documentation for this information is as follows:

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If the information set forth in the informant's statement is prepared for dissemination, it should be carefully paraphrased so as to completely protect this highly placed source.

The text of the informant's statement is as follows:

COPYES:

1 - New York (Negro Commission)
1 - Atlanta (Info)
1 - Baltimore (Info)
1 - Birmingham (Info)
1 - Charlotte (Info)
1 - Jackson (Info)
1 - Jacksonville (Info)
1 - Knoxville (Info)
1 - Louisville (Info)
1 - Memphis (Info)
1 - Miami (Info)
1 - Mobile (Info)
1 - New Orleans (Info)
1 - Norfolk (Info)
1 - Savannah (Info)
1 - Tampa (Info)
1 - WFO (Info)

RET:cbc (19)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan
Subject: National Communist Party Conference
New York City, N.Y.
4/24/65

Southern District report and proposals:

George Meyers gave his report in the morning session as follows:

That the Southern Negro Commission of the Communist Party had met Friday, 4/23/65, and had adopted the following proposals for southern work:

1-That a committee be formed in each Eastern, Mid-West, and Western District of the Party, whose job would be to study, integrate, and implement work in the south around Civil Rights crusades, labor union drives.

2-That these committees be responsible towards forming continuity and liaison with all progressives doing work in the south, such as church groups, students, CORE, SNIC, SCCU, Labor leaders, and to try to insure continuing work and contacts along these lines.

3-That Party people be asked to go into the south for a long time residence and to seek jobs according to their training, such as teachers, engineers, writers, etc.

4-All-out attempt to tie in economic issues with the Civil Rights drives be made, and seek to start labor organizing drives.

5-To insure means of finances for this work in the south. To insure that the usual southern solidarity donations were resumed in the fall.

6-To form little committees of party members who had experiences in the south to give advice to those who would work in the south."

"4/27/65

Subject: National Communist Party Conference/Speakers
New York City, N. Y.
4/24/65

Morning Session:

George Meyers on Southern Negro Commission meeting and proposals for work in south.

Dorothy Healey took exception to Gus Hall's report and was the sharpest on criticism. She termed the report as one dealing with what might happen, but not existing today. Most of the other speakers dealt with political reports from their own sections, discussion and endorsements on the Hall report.

___ gave a report on economic conditions throughout the country.

___ from Oregon stepped up activity against the McCarran Act.

Afternoon Session:

Honorary Chairman - Betty Gannett

Bob Thompson gave his support to Gus Hall's report and covered some other things relating to the Party's work.

___ called for youth to be willing to sacrifice their schools, their jobs, and security to devote themselves to Party Youth work and to devote their lives to the Party. He was critical of the older party members in not going on for more dynamic actions. He called for support to the youth work.

___ from New York called for endorsements of proposals. He created quite a bit of amusement by calling the conference "a thing."

___ felt that older members were dwelling too much in the past and should work for today.

The meeting was adjourned and it was proposed that ___ would be chairman for Sunday morning session. "

b6
b7c
Chicago, Illinois
MAY 3 1965

CONFIDENTIAL

COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF THE
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE
ADVANCEMENT OF COLORED PEOPLE,
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

Reference is made to Chicago memorandum dated April 26, 1965, captioned as above.

CG T-1 advised on May 3, 1965, that during the latter part of April, 1965, a discussion was held between two Communist Party members who are active in the affairs of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP), concerning the forthcoming National Convention of the NAACP scheduled to be held in Denver, Colorado, in June, 1965. During this discussion it was stated a decision must be arrived upon concerning certain issues to be brought forth at the NAACP Convention. Among the issues discussed were the following:

1) The question of vote -- During the discussion, it was reiterated that the decision set down by leading Communist Party (CP) forces must be followed, namely, that there must be increased voter registration in the South and the Party must strive to improve the quality of representation in the North. It was stated that the National Office of the NAACP now appears to be ready to assert additional influence in the political action field; therefore, the Party forces at the Convention should explore the possibility of trying to commit the convention to a much broader policy for actively participating in election campaigns.

2) Foreign affairs -- a discussion was held on the current Viet Nam and African crises; however, it was decided that this problem must be set aside until it is
determined what forces are available at the Convention who would be in a position to submit such resolutions. It was felt that known Party forces at the Convention could not present such resolutions.

3) Domestic -- A discussion was held then concerning the establishment of multiple branches of the NAACP throughout the United States. It was stated that this plan was tried in Texas and California and has been apparently successful. Also, it was learned that the Chicago NAACP is against this plan and hopes to present a resolution to reject this plan. If such a plan is passed, the Chicago Branch would be broken down into five or six smaller branches. During this discussion, it was felt that should the multiple branch plan be accepted, it would bring about greater membership participation and in this way it was also felt that Party forces could function more effectively in multiple branches. It was therefore decided that all efforts should be made to back any resolution in favor of the multiple branch policy.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.
Chicago, Illinois

MAY 3, 1965

TITLE: COMMUNIST INfiltrATION OF THE
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE
ADVANCEMENT OF COLORED PEOPLE

CHARACTER: INTERNAL SECURITY - C

REFERENCE: Memorandum at Chicago, Illinois, dated
and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose
identities are concealed in referenced communication,
have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor
conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and
is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be
distributed outside your agency.
TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (61-3176)
FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (100-8261)
SUBJECT: COMINFIL, NAACP, IS - C

Re Chicago airtel and accompanying LHM dated 4/26/65.

Enclosed for the Bureau are eight copies, to Denver one copy, to Detroit, one copy, to Los Angeles one copy, and to New York six copies, of a LHM concerning a discussion held in regard to the forthcoming NAACP National Convention.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 8) (RM)
1 - Denver (Enc. 1) (RM)
1 - Detroit (100-807) (Enc. 1) (RM)
1 - Los Angeles (100-4963) (RM)
6 - New York (Enc. 6) (1 - 100- COMINFIL, NAACP)
  (1 - 100-153735 - CIRM)
  (1 - 100-30641 - CP ORGANIZATION)
  (1 - 100-27539 - HENRY WINSTON)
  (1 - 100- TED BASSETT)

5 - Chicago
  (1 - 100-41324 - CIRM)
  (1 - 100-18953 - CP ORGANIZATION)
  (1 - 61-867- CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT)
  (1 - A)

CLASSIFIED
EXTENDED BY: 60/9 EN 2/3/79
REASON FOR EXTENSION:
NCIM, II, 1-24.2
DATE OF REVIEW FOR DECLASSIFICATION: 5/7/76
The attached LHM is classified confidential inasmuch as information from CG T-1, if disclosed, could reasonably result in the identification of an informant of continuing value and compromise the future effectiveness thereof.

The source used in the enclosed LHM is For the information of the Bureau and other offices receiving copies of this LHM, the identity of the individuals participating in this discussion concerning the NAACP National Convention was omitted to protect the identity of this source.

advised that on 4/26/65, he contacted CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT, at Party headquarters in New York, at which time LIGHTFOOT stated that a meeting was all set up to discuss the NAACP National Convention. LIGHTFOOT also advised to contact HENRY WINSTON if possible and also to meet with PETTIS PERRY, who was residing in the same hotel in New York. added that he contacted WINSTON; however, WINSTON was tied up and was unable to hold any discussion with. He also contacted PETTIS PERRY; however, no discussion of a political nature took place inasmuch as PERRY appeared to be quite tied up, with other activity. went on to state that while waiting to see PERRY, he met of Detroit in the lobby of the hotel, at which time advised the source that he was going to the Soviet Union along with PETTIS PERRY. added that in his short discussion with PETTIS PERRY, PERRY mentioned the fact that he planned to spend a month in a sanitarium in the Soviet Union.

went on to state that on 4/27/65 a meeting was set up between TED BASSETT, and MURIEL SILVERBERG; however, MARTIN and failed to make this meeting; therefore, it was postponed until 4/29/65. stated that on 4/29/65, MARTIN and failed to appear; therefore, it was decided that and TED BASSETT would delay no longer and they held a discussion concerning plans for the NAACP National Convention.

Details concerning this discussion are incorporated in the attached LHM.
UNIVERSITY STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York
May 7, 1965

Buffer 100-442529

SECRET

Communist Influence in Racial Matter
Internal Security - C

A confidential source advised on May 5, 1965, that on that date, ________ was in contact with Dora Mc Donald, Secretary to Martin Luther King, ________ inquired if Mc Donald had sent the preface for "Three Acts in Mississippi" and Mc Donald stated she had forwarded it that afternoon to Joan Daves.

_______ is a publisher's representative in New York City and "Three Lives in Mississippi" is the name of a new book by William Bradford Huie, dealing with the case of the three civil rights workers who were slain in Mississippi in the summer of 1964.

The source further advised that later that day, Stanley Levison contacted ________ who told him that Dora Mc Donald had placed it in the mail to Joan that day. He also said that he could not reach Martin (Luther King), but that ________ (Public Relations Director of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference) agreed with him that it would be advisable to send out "that piece" on the boycott (proposed boycott of the State of Alabama).

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.
Communist Influence in Racial Matters

Levison mentioned that the "New York Herald Tribune", a daily New York City newspaper, is writing articles on the financial support of civil rights groups. He noted that Ralph Abernathy, Treasurer of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) has been contacted on this. Levison is concerned that Abernathy will "shoot off his mouth". He said this is a delicate matter, how much support from whites and how much from Negroes, and Abernathy may mention big name contributors which people resent. He said this should be indicated to him.

Stanley Levison

A confidential source advised in April, 1964, that Stanley Levison was a secret member of the Communist Party, United States of America (CP, USA) in July, 1963. In late 1963 and early 1964, he criticized the Communist Party (CP) for not being sufficiently militant in the civil rights struggle. Levison was described by certain CP leaders as being to the "left" of the CP in his position on civil rights. Levinson's differences with the CP, however, are merely tactical and he continues his ideological adherence to Communism.

The General Counsel to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, 15 East 40th Street, New York, New York.
Communist Influence in Racial Matters

A confidential source advised on February 26, 1957, that he identified a photograph of Clarence Jones as a person whom he knew during late 1953 or early 1954, to be a member of and in a position of leadership in the Labor Youth League.

The Labor Youth League has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.
Title  Communist Influence in Racial Matters

Character  Internal Security - C

Reference is made to the New York memorandum, dated and captioned as above.

All source (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.
furnished highly sensitive information concerning the racial situation in the US and Communist influence therein. It is felt this classification is necessary to protect this valuable source.

It is also classified "SECRET" because it contains a concentration of information from NY 694-S*, a highly placed source, in the characterization of STANLEY LEVISON.

- 2 -
A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on May 6, 1965, that on that date, Carey McWilliams, Editor of "The Nation" magazine, contacted a person concerning a "wild idea" which he wanted to try out on. McWilliams said that if it is assumed that one out of five or seven members of the Communist Party (CP) are Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) informants, then a parallel assumption could be made that one out of ten, fifteen or twenty, is a Klansman. McWilliams added that this brings up the issue that Federal funds are being used to pay persons "who buy hoods" as well as to pay their dues, persons who are unquestionably "agents provocateurs" in a particular group and who will "go along with an assassination party".

commented that this is the unwritten story in the Liuzzo case, (Mrs. Viola Liuzzo who was murdered on March 25, 1965, in Lowndes County, Alabama) that it is incredible how a man who was an FBI person got involved in a set of circumstances where he could have taken part in a series of events resulting in a murder.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.
Re: Communist Influence in
Racial Matters
Internal Security - C

McWilliams stated that if the case results in a
hung jury or an acquittal "what was the purpose of this
anyway?" McWilliams felt that Dr. King (Martin Luther King)
might want to concern himself with this question because
he will have to contend with this sort of thing in all
probability in some of the civil rights groups. He added
that he feels that the Student Non-Violent Coordinating
Committee (SNCC) "has some interesting characters in their
own membership right now."

____ noted that "we" held a meeting in Atlanta on
Friday, April 30, 1965, "where everybody assumed that there
were...some people referred to them as FBI Agents and some
referred to them as agents provocateurs, people who were
actually within their (SNCC) ranks." ____ said that some
SNCC people recalled certain persons who did start trouble
and began a conflict between state authorities and civil
rights workers that was out of proportion to the circumstances.
He added that he and King have discussed this and feel it
creates a big danger for the civil rights movement.

McWilliams believes it would give King's way to
"nail down a moral stand on this thing" the question being
that "it is immoral for the Federal Government to permit
Federal funds to be used to pay dues, to contribute in any
way to this wicked organization or to permit its agents,
who are its paid employees, to participate as agents
provocateurs or actual participants in criminal affairs
involving the lives and liberties of citizens". McWilliams
said if King did not want to say it himself he might know
someone who is prepared to say it.

____ stated he would contact King about it.

The source further advised that later the same
day, Jones was in contact with Stanley Levison who advised
that _______ had been in touch with him and asked if
Re: Communist Influence in
       Racial Matters
       Internal Security - C

McWilliams had contacted [redacted] noted that McWilliams
had raised an interesting point but Levison stated that he
objected to it. He said he told McWilliams that there are
certain things King has to consider apart from the validity of
this point. He, Levison, feels that if King came out with
such a statement now, FBI Director Hoover would view it as
a renewal of the alleged vendetta which King has for him
as well as King going out of his way to start a new
type of criticism. Levison said he believes it would be
inadvisable, that [redacted] should take it into account, and
[redacted] agreed.

Levison inquired if [redacted] had confirmed their
date with King for Monday or Tuesday (May 10 or 11) and
[redacted] said he would try. Levison said he was anxious to
hold the meeting because, among other questions, there is
the question of the Summer Community Organization and
Political Education project, that he has heard that it is
beyond the capacity of Hosea Williams, (Director of the Southern
Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) Voter Education
program). He added that everyone working with Williams is
finding himself floundering and that the worst kind of
generalship on King's part is not putting someone in a
situation when it is needed. He said it is an urgent matter
that has to be straightened out.

Stanley Levison

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable
information in the past, advised in April, 1964,
that Stanley Levison was a secret member of the
1964, he criticized the CP for not being sufficiently
militant in the civil rights struggle. Levison
was described by certain CP leaders as being to
the "left" of the CP in his position on civil rights.
His differences with the CP, however, are merely
tactical and he continues his ideological adherence
to Communism.
Ré: Communist Influence in Racial Matters Internal Security - C

the General Counsel to the Gandhi Society for Human Rights, 15 East 40th Street, New York, New York.

A confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on February 26, 1957, that he identified a photograph of Clarence Jones as a person whom he knew during late 1953 or early 1954 to be a member of and in a position of leadership in the Labor Youth League.

The Labor Youth League has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The Ku Klux Klan has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.
Communist Influence in Racial Matters

The April 13, 1964 issue of "The New York Times", page 23, contained an advertisement of the Emergency Committee for Civil Liberties (ECCL) which lists Carey Mc Williams of New York as a member of the ECCL Executive Committee.

A characterization of the ECCL is set forth in the appendix page.

The Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, prepared and released a pamphlet dated November 8, 1957, entitled "Operation Abolition... The Campaign Against the House Committee on Un-American Activities, The Federal Bureau of Investigation, The Government Security Program by the ECCL and its Affiliates." Pages eight and nine of this pamphlet contain information about Carey Mc Williams which included the following:

Chairman, American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born; member of council, American Peace Crusade; member of National Council, American Peace Mobilization; vice-chairman, National Federation of Constitutional Liberties; sponsor of the Civil Rights Congress; sponsor of the Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade; and sponsor of the American-Slav Congress.

The above-mentioned organizations have all been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.
Communist Influence in Racial Matters

APPENDIX

EMERGENCY CIVIL LIBERTIES COMMITTEE

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee:

"Emergency Civil Liberties Committee

1. 'The Emergency Civil Liberties Committee is an organization with headquarters in New York, whose avowed purpose is to abolish the House Committee on Un-American Activities and discredit the FBI. * * * 

The committee finds that the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee, established in 1951, although representing itself as a non-Communist group, actually operates as a front for the Communist Party. It has repeatedly assisted, by means of funds and legal aid, Communists involved in Smith Act violations and similar legal proceedings. One of its chief activities has been and still is the dissemination of voluminous Communist propaganda material.'

'FRANK WILKINSON was called as a witness when he appeared in Atlanta as a representative of the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee to propagandize against the Committee on Un-American Activities and to protest its hearings. In 1956 WILKINSON was identified as a Communist Party member by a former FBI undercover agent within the party. Summoned at that time to answer the allegation, his reply to all questions was, "I am answering no questions of this committee." This also became his stock reply to questions when he appeared during the Atlanta hearings. * * * WILKINSON has since been convicted of contempt of Congress and sentenced to one year in jail.'
'Disputing the non-Communist claim of the organization, the committee finds that a number of other individuals connected with the ECLC also have been identified under oath as Communists. *


'To defend the cases of Communist law-breakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the * * * Emergency Civil Liberties Committee. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these fronts offer a bulwark of protection.'

(Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"
FBI

Date: 5/7/65

Transmit the following in ____________________________ (Type in plain text or code)

Via ________________ (Priority)

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

SUBJECT: CIRM
(00: NY)

There are enclosed for the Bureau 10 copies of a letterhead memorandum containing information furnished by NY 4092-S* on May 6, 1965, resulting from conversations between the Editor of "The Nation" and [redacted] and later between [redacted] and STANLEY LEVISON.

The source used to characterize [redacted] is Chairman, Columbia University, LYL, 1954. NY 694-3* was used to characterize STANLEY LEVISON.

5-Bureau (100-442529) (Encl. 10) (RM)
(1-100-439190) (SNCC)
(1-100-6488) (KKK)
4-Atlanta (100-6670) (Encl. 4) (RM)
(1-100-6488) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)
(1-157-423) (SNCC)
1-NY (100-73250) [redacted] (42)
1-NY (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42)
1-NY (157-1456) (SNCC) (42)
1-NY (100-135585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (42)
1-NY (100-147263) (SNCC) (41)
1-NY (105-2404) (THE NATION)
1-NY (100-98442) (C. MC WILLIAMS)
1-NY (100-153735) (42)

JFO: Rny
(18)

Amended 5/7/65

100 3735 1426

1585
This letterhead memorandum is classified "Secret" because it contains information from NY 4092-S*, a highly sensitive source which is furnishing information concerning racial matters in the U.S. and Communist influence therein. It is felt that this classification is necessary to protect this valuable source.

It is also classified "Secret" because it contains a concentration of information from NY 694-S* used in the characterization of STANLEY LEWISON.
SAC, NEW YORK (100-111180)  
5/7/65

STANLEY LEVISON
SM-C

On 4/29/65, NY 4092-S* advised that contacted STANLEY LEVISON on above date in an attempt to arrange a meeting late that afternoon, no specific time or place, "Uptown" was designated.

SAS JAMES G. FITZGERALD and conducted a surveillance in the vicinity of subject's residence, 585 West End Ave., NYC, and at his place of employment, 1841 Broadway, NYC, from approximately 4:30 pm to 6:30 pm, but neither or LEVISON were observed.

1 - New York (100-73250 -
1 - New York (100-153735
1 - New York

HCO: BMY
(3)
5-7-65

AIRTLM AIRMAL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)
FROM: SAC, BIRMINGHAM (100-5150) (P)

COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
RM IS - C

(CO: New York)

ReBulet to Albany, 8-28-64; Birmingham letter to Director, 1-26-65.

No information has been developed by the Birmingham Field Division indicating any Communist activity or influence in racial matters within its territory during the period since date of referenced Birmingham letter.

3 - Bureau (AM) (RM)
1 - New York (100-153735) (info) (AM) (RM)
2 - Birmingham
RSM:Jls
(6)
### File—Serial Charge Out

FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

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**Section #23**

Employee

RECHARGE

Date 5/3/77

To: ___________________________________________ From: ___________________________________________

Initials of Clerk: ______________________ Date: ______________________

Employee: __________________________________________ Location: ______________________
921EST URGENT 5-7-65 ARK
TO DIRECTOR PITTSBURGH AND NEW YORK --1--
    NEW YORK VIA WASHINGTON -- ENCODED
FROM ATLANTA 072358

CIRM. PICKETING OF HAMMERMILL PAPER COMPANY STOCKHOLDERS MEETING
IN ERIE, PA., MAY ELEVEN, NINETEEN SIXTYFIVE. RM.

AT ONE THREE EIGHT ONE DASH S ASTRISK ADVISED TODAY THAT HARRY
WACHTEL, NEW YORK ATTORNEY AND ADVISOR TO MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.,
TOLD KING'S SECRETARY, DORA MC DONALD THAT HE IS CONCERNED ABOUT
CAPTIONED ACTIVITY. HE THINKS SOMETHING COULD HAPPEN WHICH WOULD
AFFECT KING ADVERSELY. NO REASONS GIVEN. IDENTITY OF SPONSORS OR
BACKERS OF PICKETING NOT FURNISHED.

WACHTEL SAID HIS SON, _______ HAS BECOME A RINGLEADER
IN THIS AFFAIR, AND IS DESCRIBING HIS FATHER HARRY AS SECOND ONLY
TO KING.

WACHTEL'S WIFE IDENTIFIED AS FORMER CP OFFICER. WACHTEL WITH
NATIONAL LAWYER'S GUILD.

PG FOLLOW ACTIVITIES AND SUBMIT PERTINENT INFO IN LHM.
TAKE NO ACTION TO JEOPARDIZE ATLANTA SOURCE. IF
INFO FROM ATLANTA SOURCE IS DISSEMINATED, CLASSIFY SECRET.
LHM FOLLOWS.

END

NY JAA
FBI NEW YORK
FPI WASH DC  5-10-65  2-30 AM HFL
11-05 PM EST URGENT 5-9-65 HFL
TO DIRECTOR NEW YORK AND MOBILE
NEW YORK VIA ---I--- WASHINGTON -- ENCODED
FROM ATLANTA /100-6670/  100230
CIRM.  100-157354

RE BUAI RTEL MAY SIX LAST.

AT ONE THREE EIGHT ZERO DASH S ASTERICK ADVISED TODAY THAT MARTIN L.
KING, JR. IS PLANNING TO GO TO MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA, ABOUT SIX THIRTY AM,
MAY TEN NEXT, FLIGHT UNKNOWN. ACCORDING TO SOURCE, ERICK
KINDBERG, FIELD SECRETARY OF SCLC, STATED THAT KING WILL
BE MAKING APPEARANCES IN THE ALABAMA "BLACK BELT" FOR NEXT
TWO OR THREE DAYS. HE WILL APPEAR IN SELMA AND DEMPOLIS.

FOR INFO MOBILE, A NEW YORK SOURCE HAS ADVISED THAT
STANLEY DAVID LEVISON, AN ADVISOR OF KING, WAS MAKING
TENTATIVE PLANS TO CONTACT KING IN ATLANTA EITHER MAY TEN
OR ELEVEN NEXT. BUREAU IS INTERESTED IN BUAGENTS OBSERVING
ANY CONTACT BETWEEN KING AND LEVISON. IN VIEW OF ABOVE
THERE IS POSSIBILITY THAT LEVISON MAY CONTACT KING IN
 ALABAMA.
Levison is white male, in early fifty's five feet eight inches, one hundred eighty to ninety pounds, stocky build, medium complexion, wears horn rim glasses.

New York determine any travels of Levison outside New York area and advise bureau and interested offices. Atlanta will submit photo of Levison to Mobile.

End

NY...LJB FBI New York
FBI

Date: 5/10/65

Transmit the following in (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL (Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

SUBJECT: CIRM
IS-C
(00: NY)

Enclosed are nine copies of a letterhead memorandum, captioned and dated as above, reporting information from NY 4212-S*. Two copies are furnished to the Atlanta Office, and one copy is enclosed for the information of Pittsburgh.
Sources furnishing characterizations of individuals mentioned in the letterhead memorandum are as follows:

NY 2359-S* BAYARD RUSTIN
NY 4212-S*

1. Anonymous
   source of WFO,
   set forth in
   report of SA JOHN
   J. WALSH, 2/19/50,
   at WFO, re: "NLG;
   IS-C".

2. NY 1190-S*

4 - Bureau (100-442529) (Encls. 9) (RM)
   (1 - 100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.)
2 - Atlanta (100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.) (Encls. 2) (INFO) (RM)
   (1 - 100-6670) (CIRM)
1 - New York (100-46729) (BAYARD RUSTIN) (42)
1 - New York (100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.) (42)
1 - New York (100-149194) (COMINFIL SCLC) (42)
1 - New York (100-148289) (42)
1 - New York (100-153735) (42)
1 - Pittsburgh (100- ) Encl. 1) RM

(13) JMK: gmd

Approved: Special Agent in Charge

Sent

[Signature]
NY 100-153735

(PH) is unknown to the New York Office.

This letterhead memorandum is classified "Secret" because it contains information from a source, who has furnished highly sensitive information with respect to the racial situation in the NYO and the Communist infiltration thereof. In view of this, a "Secret" classification is necessary to protect NY 4212-3x.
COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
INTERNAL SECURITY - C

BOYCOTT OF ALABAMA BY THE
SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE
PROTESTING VOTING DISCRIMINATION
RACIAL MATTERS

Confidential Source One advised on May 7, 1965, that ERIC KINDBERG (Field Secretary of Southern Christian Leadership Conference, SCLC) on that date contacted [REDACTED] of the New York Office of SCLC to ask if material had been furnished to the New York Office regarding the Alabama boycott.

According to Source One, [REDACTED] stated she should not mail it. KINDBERG stated he would have RANDOLPH T. BLACKWELL (Program Director of SCLC) contact [REDACTED] regarding this matter.

Source One further advised May 7, 1965, that [REDACTED] of SCLC) and BLACKWELL on that date contacted [REDACTED] to determine the identity of the person who had ordered her not to mail the "boycott material."

KANTER stated [REDACTED] and STANLEY (LEVISON) did not feel that this material should be mailed out. She stated ED CLAYTON (Public Relations Director of SCLC) was supposed to advise BLACKWELL and others as to the reasons for this action. She stated that [REDACTED] had talked to CLAYTON about this but apparently CLAYTON had advised no one in the SCLC Headquarters Office.
COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

YOUNG stated he planned to contact [Redacted] about
this matter because he believed the material should be
mailed. He also stated MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. (President
of SCLC) and BERNARD LEE (Aide to KING) would be in New
York City on May 12, 1965, and they, or someone, should
bring the boycott material from New York to Atlanta for
mailing.

KANTER warned YOUNG that he had better talk to
[Redacted] before taking this action.

Gandhi Society for Human Rights, 15 East 40th
Street, New York City.

Confidential Source Two advised on February
26, 1957, that he had identified a photograph of
as a person whom he knew during
late 1953 or early 1954 to be a member of, and in
a position of leadership in, the Labor Youth League.

The Labor Youth League has been designated
pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

The Gandhi Society for Human Rights was
formed for the purpose of developing a philosophy
and technique of non-violent civil rights protests.
It is a non-action organization and makes no
attempt to influence legislation nor participate
in demonstrations. The Society furnishes legal
assistance in certain civil rights cases. The
organization was incorporated June 14, 1962.
COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS

RANDOLPH BLACKWELL

On February 26, 1953, Confidential Source Three advised RANDOLPH BLACKWELL had been a member of the Communist Party in the District of Columbia.

Confidential Source Four advised that RANDOLPH BLACKWELL attended a Labor Youth League convention on August 13, 1950, at the Algonquin Club, 1400 Fayetteville Street, Durham, North Carolina.

STANLEY LEVINSON

Confidential Source Five advised in April, 1964, that STANLEY LEVINSON was a secret member of the CPUSA in July, 1963. In late 1963 and early 1964, he criticized the CP for not being sufficiently militant in the civil rights struggle. LEVINSON was described by certain CP leaders as being to the "left" of the CP in his position in civil rights. LEVINSON's differences with the CP, however, are merely tactical and he continues his ideological adherence to Communism.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.
Title        COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS;
             BOYCOTT OF ALABAMA BY THE SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONFERENCE PROTESTING VOTING DISCRIMINATION

Character    INTERNAL SECURITY - C;
             RACIAL MATTERS

Reference    Letterhead Memorandum dated and captioned as above at Atlanta, Georgia.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.
Serial sent to Bureau, per Buairtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77, titled; Bernard S. Lee v. Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.
BuFile 62-117194d

Section #23
RECHARGE

To: ____________________________ From: ____________________________
Initialed by: __________________ Date: __________________
Employee __________________
Date Charged: __________________
Location: ____________________
5/10/65

AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM: SAC, PHILADELPHIA (100-47672)

SUBJECT: CIRM

(00 NEW YORK)

Re Philadelphia airtel and LHM captioned "CIRM"
dated 5/5/65 and Bureau airtel to Philadelphia dated 5/7/65.

In order to further protect the source, the
classification of referenced Philadelphia LHM is being up-
graded from a confidential classification to "SECRET." This
information pertains to a meeting of the Executive Committee,
CERPD, attended by a limited number of persons at which
meeting gave a report on civil rights work.

Philadelphia will follow and in approximately one
month, if desirable, will consider reclassifying this
information to confidential to prevent the necessity of
classifying reports, et cetera, containing this information as
"secret."

Bureau and other offices receiving this and
referenced communication are requested to change the
classification from confidential to SECRET. Philadelphia
copies changed.

3 - Bureau (100-442529) (R.M.)
1 - New York (100-153735) (R.M.)
1 - Atlanta (100-6488) (SNCC) (R.M.)
1 - Birmingham (SNCC) (R.M.)
1 - Jackson (Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party) (R.M.)
1 - Mobile (SNCC) (R.M.)
4 - Philadelphia
1 - 100-47672 (CIRM)
1 - 100-46820 (SNCC)
1 - 107-10214 (POSSIBLE RACIAL VIOLENCE)

CN JP
(12)
File: Serial Charge Out

File: 103 152735 1/13/48 11/48 Date: 5/3/77

Class: Pending Case No. 152735 Last Serial 1/13/48 Date: 5/3/77

Serial No. Pending Description of Serial Closed

Serial sent to Bureau, per Buairtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77, titled; Bernard S. Lee v. Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.

BuFile 62-117194d

Section #23

Employee

RECHARGE Date: 5/3/77

To: ____________________ From: ____________________

Initiate at: ____________________ Date: ____________________

Employee ____________________

Location ____________________
DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529) 5/11/65

SAC, MOBILE (100-10-F)(P)

CIRM
MARSHES PROTESTING VOTER DISCRIMINATION, SELMA-
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA,
MARCH, 1965

Re New York letter to the Bureau, 4/13/65.

On 4/21/65, [ ] Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC) Field Worker, Browns Chapel AME Church, Selma, Alabama, advised SA[________], after examining a photograph of STANLEY DAVID LEVISON, that he was unknown to him.

[________] went on to say that he was of the opinion a list was maintained of individuals from other areas of the U. S. who participated in captioned marches. It was his belief that this list was now in the possession of the headquarters office of SCLC, Atlanta, Georgia, or the Montgomery Improvement Association (MIA) located at 716 Dorsey Avenue, Montgomery, Alabama.

For the information of Atlanta, re New York letter to the Bureau advised that on 4/12/65, a pretext telephone call was made to the office of STANLEY LEVISON, 1841 Broadway, New York, by SA JOHN C. SEATON. On that occasion, an unknown female responded to the telephone call, advising that her employer, STANLEY LEVISON, recently had gone to Montgomery, Alabama, to participate in the Civil Rights March which terminated in that city.

The New York Office made an attempt to confirm LEVISON's departure by contacting major airlines in New York City, but no pertinent information was developed.

2 - Bureau (RM)
2 - Atlanta (RM)
3 - New York (2 - 100-153735)(RM) (1 - 100-111150)
2 - Mobile
MILIPW (9)
LEVINSON is described as having been born in New York City in 1912. He is 5'9" tall, 160 pounds, having brown hair and brown eyes, and wears glasses. He is a lawyer by profession, and his wife's name is "EEA."

Atlanta Division at Atlanta, Georgia, will contact offices of SCILC and ascertain if it maintains a list containing the name of STANLEY DAVID LEVINSON, who reportedly participated in the Selma to Montgomery march held in March of 1965, and advise New York.

Mobile Division at Montgomery, Alabama, will contact the office of MLK and ascertain if it has in its possession a list containing the name of STANLEY DAVID LEVINSON, and advise New York.
To: SACs New York (100-153735)
Pittsburgh (100-14992)

From: Director, FBI (100-442529)

CIRM

Re Atlanta tel 5/7/65 to Bureau, Pittsburgh and New York
"CIRM: Picketing of Hammermill Paper Company Stockholders' Meeting
in Erie, Pennsylvania, 5/11/65, RM."

Recipients offices should conduct appropriate investiga-
tion to determine the role being played by Allen Wachtel in the
picketing at Erie, Pennsylvania. New York should advise of
available subversive information concerning Allen. This matter
should be given careful and prompt handling due to Allen's father
being Harry Wachtel, a key advisor to Martin Luther King, Jr., and
because of the subversive background of Allen's parents.
SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD
(100-43710)

SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

CIRM

RewFOlet to NY, 3/31/65.

Indices of NYO contain no information identifiable
with [Blank] and [Blank]

2 - Washington Field (RM)
1 - New York (#42)

JCS: ccb

Signed

Seriated
Indexed
Filed

100 - 15 3735 - 1463
DIRECTOR, FBI
(100-442529)

SAC, NEW YORK
(100-133735)

CIRM

Re: Letter to NY, 4/19/65.

Reference is also made to the New York report on 4/13/65, at New York, New York, in this report, commented administratively on its efforts to obtain information on the special fund-appeal letter which MARTIN LUTHER KING instructed [redacted] to get out with [redacted] help. KING also stated, at that time (2/25/65) that the letter was to be sent to the $100.00 contributor list which is taken from "The Nation" mailing list, and that the appeal should be timely since it would follow an article that could appear in "The Nation."

The March 15, 1965 issue of "The Nation" featured a report, "Let Justice Roll Down" by MARTIN LUTHER KING, which is described as "His Annual Report to Nation" Readers on the Goals and Tactics of the Negro Revolt." In this report, KING comments on conditions in Selma, Alabama.

As stated in the New York report on [redacted] [redacted] Supervisor of the B.J. Crewden Co., 118 East 29th St., NYC, company handling mailings for the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), was interviewed on (redacted). At that time, [redacted] stated he had not seen nor heard from [redacted] since [redacted] left the New York Office of the SCLC. He also recall that about two weeks before he had received a call from an unknown woman who said that [redacted] told her to call him. She asked if [redacted] could handle a job involving 100 copies of an automatically typed letter. [redacted] advised her that the Crewden Co. was then too busy to take such a job and he, therefore, did not get the woman's name, who she represented, or that the letter concerned.

It is noted that this possibly could have been the letter which [redacted] was asked to prepare since it was to go to a select group, namely, the $100.00 contributors to "The Nation."
On the same date, Vice President, advised that the Creedon Co. was in the process of mailing a "March 1955" fund-appeal letter on the stationary of KING which letter comments on actions being taken against Negroes in Alabama. Made available a copy of this letter and further stated that the previous mailing of an appeal letter for the SCLC, handled by the Creedon Co., was of a letter mailed on 1/20/55.

Concerning the "March 1955" fund-appeal letter, b6 advised on April 21, 1955, that 155,000 copies of this letter were mailed by his company. He also stated that the Creedon Co. did not handle any mailing of a restricted nature for the SCLC during March, 1955.

It is noted that New York was able to obtain the contents of the letter previously prepared for MARTIN LUTHER KING's signature at the request of SLATER KING. This letter, which dealt with indictments against the leaders of the Albany, Georgia movement, was furnished by NY 4171-S7, a confidential source close to which has been discontinued.

It is felt that, if YOUNG did seek assistance in preparing a letter, he would have handled it telephonically. In that case, could have been contacted at either his residence, 486 St. Nicholas Ave., or at his current employment, 799 Broadway, the office of "Freedomways" magazine. However, the highly confidential source that was maintained on the "Freedomways" office has also been discontinued.

"The Nation" publication is the subject of a closed file in the NYO and is edited by CAREY MC WILLIAMS, the subject of NY file 100-28442. NY has no information concerning the operation of the mailing procedure of "The Nation".

The NYO will be alert through contacts with NY 3246-S7 at the office of "Freedomways" magazine, where is employed and through contact with NY 1019-S7 at the office of STANLEY LEVISON for information concerning the letter in question. Atlanta should remain alert for information it might receive concerning the letter suggested by KING.
341 PM URGENT 5-12-65
TO DIRECTOR NEW YORK ALBANY
    NEW YORK VIA WASHINGTON ENCODED --7--
FROM PITTSBURGH 121700 1P

CIRM.

RE ATLANTA TEL, MAY SEVEN, LAST, AND BUAIRTEL, MAY ELEVEN.
PRÉSENCE OF ALLEN WACHTEL AT PICKETING, HAMMERMILL
PAPER COMPANY, MAY ELEVEN, LAST, NOT VERIFIED, HOWEVER, WHITE
CHRYSLER IMPERIAL CONVERTIBLE WITH NEW YORK REGISTRATION
BC-TWO TWOJ WAS OBSERVED BEING USED BY A YOUNG MALE AT
APPROXIMATELY ONE FORTY PM. HE HAD PREVIOUSLY BEEN ON THE
PICKET LINE.

ALBANY ASCERTAIN IDENTITY OF OWNER OF INSTANT LICENSE.
P.

NY KRG

CORR SECOND PARG LINE FOUR WORDS 1-2-3-4 SHOULD BE
BC-TWO W XXXXXX
BC-TWO TWO, WAS
REPT BC-TWO TWO, WAS

NYMMMMSSSSSS KRG
FBI NEW YORK
File—Serial Charge Out
FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

Serial No.

Pending

Class.  Case No.  Lost Serial

Closed

Description of Serial

Date-Charged

Serial sent to Bureau, per Buirtel to NY, dtd. 4/12/77, titled; Bernard S. Lee v. Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.

BuFile 62-117194d

Section #23

Employee

RECHARGE

To:

From:

Initials of

Clerk

Date

Date Charged

Employee

Location:
FBI

Date: 5/12/65

Transmit the following in

(Type in plaintext or code)

Via airtel

(Priority)

To: SAC, New York (100-153735)

From: Director, FBI (100-442529)

CIRM

Reurairtel 5/7/65 and enclosed LHM of same date which reported on conversations between [ ] and Carey McWilliams, Editor of "The Nation," and between [ ] and Stanley Levison.

McWilliams is not characterized in the LHM although considerable subversive information concerning him is available, your office origin, your file 100-98442.

By return airtel furnish additional page or pages which should contain appropriate characterizing information concerning McWilliams. Submit same also to Atlanta which received copies of referenced communications.
Memorandum

TO: SAC, New York (100-153735)  
FROM: Director, FBI (100-442529)  
DATE: 5/13/65

SUBJECT: CIRM

ReNYairtel 4/28/65, copies to recipients of instant communication, "Communist Party, USA, Southern Region, Internal Security - C."

Information was reported from [redacted] that on 4/26/65 [redacted] the Party's Organizational Secretary, advised the Party's Florida State Organizer that the Party intends to send one or two capable members to Atlanta, Georgia; Jacksonville and Miami, Florida; New Orleans, Louisiana; and Birmingham, Alabama. These individuals are to function as Party organizers in those areas.

Recipient offices are referred to Bureau's "Current Intelligence Analysis" of 5/5/65 which reported proposals recently adopted by the Party's National Negro Commission, some of which have a direct bearing on the Party's intentions in the South and closely related to CIRM.

This is to alert recipient offices to the necessity for conducting appropriate investigation to identify individuals being sent into the South as Party organizers, to develop information as to their activities and, where related to CIRM, report such activities promptly to the Bureau under the CIRM caption. This is in addition to what would be normal investigation relative to the Party from an organizational and recruitment standpoint.

2 - Atlanta (100-6670)  
2 - Baltimore (100-23443)  
2 - Birmingham (100-5150)  
2 - Jacksonville (100-670)  
2 - Miami (100-15058)  
2 - New Orleans (100-17122)  
2 - Tampa (100-805)
AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)
FROM: SAC, PITTSBURGH (100-15125) (P)
SUBJECT: CIRM
     IS - C
     (00: NEW YORK)


On 5/12/65, Sheriff JOHN COATES, Erie County, Erie, Pa., furnished 34 with the names of individuals who had been arrested on 5/11/65 in connection with the picketing demonstration at the Hammermill Paper Company, Erie, Pa., on that date. He stated that these individuals had been charged with violation of an injunction issued in the Court of Common Pleas at Erie on 5/11/65 enjoining picketing demonstrators from interfering with or obstructing passage to the Hammermill Paper Company, from congregating, loitering or trespassing upon said company's premises.

Perusal of the list of persons arrested reveals the name of [blank], age 18, listed as residing at Burton Hall, Oberlin College (Oberlin, Ohio).

It should be further noted that only those demonstrators who were actively obstructing entrance and exit to the Hammermill Paper Company were arrested.

3 - Bureau (RM)
2 - New York (100-15375) (RM)
2 - Pittsburgh
   (1 - 157-386)(Picketing of Hammermill Paper Company, Erie, Pa., May, 1965)

JTM/bac
(7)
No copy of this communication is being furnished Cleveland inasmuch as that office is being separately advised in another communication concerning all persons arrested during the course of the above picketing.
Memorandum

TO: SAC, New York (100-153735)  
FROM: Director, FBI (100-442529)  
DATE: 5/13/65  
SUBJECT: CIRM

Reurairtel and LHM 5/10/65, copies to Pittsburgh, which reported information concerning a demonstration scheduled at the Hammermill Paper Company, Erie, Pennsylvania, in connection with the economic boycott of Alabama which is being encouraged by Martin Luther King, Jr. It is stated that a sit-in in connection with the demonstration, sponsored by college students, is being promoted by (phonetic). Reairtel advised that is unknown to your office.

Bufiles reveal several references to an individual named . Refer to your files 140-6850, 121-1166 and page 197 of the report of SA Donald P. Adams dated 2/9/53 at New York "Civil Rights Congress, IS-C, ISA-1950," your file 100-80675.

Attempt to determine whether or not the individual involved in the demonstration at Erie, Pennsylvania, is identical to or otherwise connected with the individual referred to in above references. Positive information developed indicating any subversive background of the individual involved at Erie should be reported in instant caption in a manner suitable for dissemination.

1 - Pittsburgh (100-14992)
MEMORANDUM

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (157-6-34) 

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (157-1247)

DATE: 5/13/65

SUBJECT: CHANGED
NEW YORK AD HOC COMMITTEE
FOR SUPPORT OF THE MISSISSIPPI
FREEDOM DEMOCRATIC PARTY CHALLENGE, aka
RACIAL MATTERS
(CO: NEW YORK)

The title is changed to reflect name of captioned
organization as shown above since it is now commonly known
as the New York Ad Hoc Committee For Support of the Mississippi
Freedom Democratic Party Challenge (hereinafter referred to as
New York Ad Hoc Committee).

Re: WYLET to Bureau, 3/29/65.

The following security and racial sources were con-
tacted in March and April, 1965, specifically to determine:

(1) the extent of any Communist involvement on the
part of leaders of captioned committee;

(2) any influence on the part of JESSE GRAY and
the New York Ad Hoc Committee;

(3) any directive or policy of captioned group which
indicated Communist sympathy.

No additional information was developed as a result
of this informant coverage bearing upon these specific points.

3- Bureau (RW)
   (1-100-442529)
2- Jackson (Info) (RW)
2- Washington Field (Info) (RW)
1- New York (100-153735) (RM)
1- New York (157-892) (RACIAL SITUATION, NEW YORK DIVISION) (42)
1- New York (100-153918) (43)
1- New York (100-91911) (JESSE GRAY) (42)
1- New York (100-34464) (45)
1- New York

VJA: gr
(13)
Information copies are designated for WFO and Jackson Offices since activities of captioned organization are of interest to these offices. No information has been developed by NYO to indicate that the New York Ad Hoc Committee is either dominated or controlled by the CP. As far as is currently known it has not been singled out as a target for Communist penetration. JESSE GRAY and [redacted] (former CP members) do not appear at the present time to take an active part in the organization. The leading spokesman and force in the New York Ad Hoc Committee is [redacted], for whom no pertinent subversive characterization is available in NYO files.

The objective of the New York Ad Hoc Committee is to implement in the NY area the challenge of the Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party to the seating of the regular Mississippi Congressman. They have engaged in a petition campaign and have held demonstrations designed to enlist support for this objective. Activities of the committee will continue to be reported to the Bureau and interested offices and identities of any subversives affiliated with it will be set forth.

It is not recommended that a cominfil investigation of the New York Ad Hoc Committee be instituted at this time.
Memorandum

TO: SAC, Albany

FROM: Director, FBI (100-442529)

SUBJECT: CIRM

DATE: 5/13/65

On 4/23/65 the Communist Party, USA's National Negro Commission met in New York City. A number of proposals were adopted by this body and their adoption was further confirmed by action of the Party's National Committee on 4/24/65. These proposals are enumerated in the Bureau's "Current Intelligence Analysis" dated 5/5/65. Two additional matters were also stressed during the Party's deliberations: (1) a Party functionary stated that "we" should have Party contacts with such organizations as the Southern Conference Educational Fund, Inc.; Southern Christian Leadership Conference; Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee; and other groups which supply medical and legal aid in the South; (2) the functionary also stated that "we" should operate in a more organized way by meeting with those who are going to the South for temporary work and having them report back to the Party about their experiences.

Because of the ever-increasing importance of the civil rights movement generally, and the Party's designs to infiltrate and otherwise influence the movement, it is imperative that our investigative efforts, field-wide, be aimed at developing factual data as to the Party's actual implementation of its plans. All offices should, therefore, direct appropriate investigation through informants, sources and by other means to develop the information desired. Positive information obtained should be included in letterhead memoranda suitable for dissemination. The Bureau and appropriate offices should be promptly advised of pertinent developments. Where information is developed concerning the general matter of CIRM and specifically concerning a group under Cominfil investigation, utilize dual captions.

To facilitate dissemination of foregoing to appropriate Agent personnel, particularly in Resident Agencies, you are authorized to duplicate pertinent portions of instant communication.

2 - All Offices

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan
5/13/65

CODE

RADIOGRAM URGENT

TO: DIRECTOR AND PITTSBURGH, CLEVELAND

FROM: ALBANY (100-19249) CIRCA

RE PITTSBURGH RADIOGRAM MAY TWELVE, LAST.

NEW YORK LICENSE ISSUED TO ALBANY, NY, CHRYSLER,

NO COLOR SHOWN, VIN

DOB NO YEAR SHOWN, NO EMPLOYMENT SHOWN. NO RECORD ALBANY INDICES RE INFO RE

FORTH IN CLEVELAND TELETYPE MAY ELEVEN, SIXTYFIVE, AND ALBANY

RADIOGRAM MAY ELEVEN (NO COPIES NEW YORK).

AM COPY TO NEW YORK.

CC: 1 - 100-19249
1 - New York (AK)
AK:bar
(2)

100-155 = 1455
DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

5/13/65

SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

CINN

ReBulent to NY. 316/65; NY airtel to Bureau, 3/29/65, captioned, MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING; NY letter to Bureau, 4/9/65.

With respect to the following information was obtained from the files of the NY:

NY file 100-30087, captioned, "COMMUNIST INFILTRATION INTO THE AMERICAN VETERANS COMMITTEE; IS-C", reflects the National Convention of the American Veterans Committee was being held in Milwaukee, Wisconsin on 6/19-22/47. Listed as one who would attend was Bronx, NY.

It is to be noted that resided in the Bronx, NY.

NY file 100-37015 reflects that on 8/16/50.

in case captioned, "SM-C" (File 100-423162), that he, NIXON, has been with Retail, Wholesale, Department Store Workers Union (NMUS) since its inception and has done considerable research regarding Communist infiltration of the union. He advised that within the next two weeks he had a conversation with whom described as being a Communist, and who remained with the Communist faction which was disaffiliated from NMUS in November, 1948. who has since been Chairman of Local 3, Distributive Workers Union at Bloomingdale's Department Store, as well as of the organization, told he was being forced out of the union by the faction in power.

2- Bureau (RN)
1- Atlanta (100-6670) (Info) (RN)
3- New York

JCS: Info

1456

MAY 13 1955
FBI, NEW YORK
It would appear from the foregoing information that 
EUGENE was not in sympathy with the Communist cause at that time.

In referenced letter dated 4/9/65, it was reported 
that [ ] who has been an approved criminal informant of 
the NWO since 1958, has indicated a strong interest in the civil 
rights movement and he has stated that he firmly believes in its 
principles. It should be noted that in past contacts this 
informant has advised he is strongly opposed to Communism and 
as a result of his efforts to cast Communists from the Retail 
Workers Union with which he was formerly associated he, himself, 
was forced to leave this union.

Inasmuch as the informant, [ ] has indicated 
such a strong interest in the civil rights movement, it is felt 
that it would not be appropriate to attempt to develop this 
individual as an informant in these matters. However, any informa-
tion furnished by the informant relating to civil rights matters 
will be promptly reported.

-2-
Serial sent to Bureau, per Bureau to NY, dated 4/12/77,
titled: Bernard S. Lee v.
Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.
Bureau 62-171794

Employee

RECHARGE

To:

From:

Initial of Clerk

Date

Date Charged

Employee

Location:
5/14/65

sir
tel

To: SACs Atlanta (100-6670)
    Mobile (100-10-F)

From: Director, FBI (100-442829)

CIRK
MARCHES PROTESTING VOTER DISCRIMINATION
SHILSA - MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA
MARCH, 1965

Be Mobile let 5/11/65, copies to Atlanta and New York, setting out leads for the Atlanta Office to contact the Southern Christian Leadership Conference to determine whether Stanley David Levison participated in captioned marches and for the Mobile Office to contact the Montgomery Improvement Association, Montgomery, Alabama, for the same purpose.

Atlanta and Mobile should NOT make the contacts with the organizations indicated. Due to the sensitive and controversial nature of captioned marches, it is not believed that contacts should be made with the organizations indicated.

1) New York (100-153735)
Transfer Sheet

File 100-153735  Date 9/27/65

Serial No. 1450  Description of Serial Jackson Sept 5/17/65 Trans

From 100-153735 Sub 21

To 100-153735 Sub 21

RECHARGE Date

To __________________ From __________________

Date charged __________________

Employee

Location
### File—Serial Charge Out

FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

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**Serial No.**

Serial sent to Bureau, per Bureau instruction to NY, dtd. 4/12/77; titled; Bernard S. Lee v. Clarence M. Kelley, et. al.

BuFile 62-117194d

D.C. 10/22/77

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**Employee**

**RECHARGE**

To  

From  

Initials of Clerk  

Date  

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**Employee**

**Location**
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
St. Louis, Missouri
May 18, 1965

CONGRESS OF RACIAL EQUALITY (CORE)

Source 5 advised on April 24, 1965, that the Field Staff of CORE working in the Chicago area, was reported to have set up a meeting to be held on May 7 and 8, 1965, at the United Automobile Workers of America Camp at Ottawa, Illinois.

Source 6 advised the latter part of April, 1965, that was expecting about 125 individuals to attend the Ottawa meeting. He hoped to have leading CORE members as well as representatives from Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), and other civil rights organizations represented there. They were to discuss common perspectives for the summer, to develop long-range perspectives for the civil rights organizations involved, and that the conference would unify an approach to the various projects being discussed for the summer.

Source 6 advised on May 6, 1965, that this conference had been cancelled when the authorities at the camp in Ottawa indicated that a Regional CORE Conference would be held in Chicago, Illinois, on May 8, 1965.

PROPERTY OF FBI

This communication and its contents are loaned to you by the FBI and neither it nor its contents are to be distributed outside of the agency to which loaned.

CONFIDENTIAL

Excluded from automatic downgrading and declassification
Source 5 stated on April 30, 1965, that Tournour's purpose behind the Ottawa meeting was to establish a "left-wing" faction in CORE for the purpose of taking over the National Action Council in CORE, described as the governing body of CORE.

On May 14, 1965, Source 5 further advised that a Conference on Community Organizing sponsored jointly by SDS and Midwestern CORE chapters was held in Chicago, Illinois, on May 7 and 8, 1965. One of the basic organizers of this conference was [___________] of Chicago. One of the main objectives of this meeting was to bring together organizers from around the Midwest to pool experiences and plan toward more effective organizing work among the poor Negro and White classes. Another objective was to bring together leaders of the "left-wing" of CORE in the Midwest to discuss strategy and tactics to be followed at the CORE National Convention in Durham, North Carolina, scheduled for July 1 to 4, 1965.

Participants in this Conference on Community Organizing included delegations from CORE chapters from Columbus and Cleveland, Ohio; Ann Arbor and Detroit, Michigan; Milwaukee, Wisconsin; Chicago, Illinois; St. Louis and Kansas City, Missouri; Lawrence, Kansas; and Omaha, Nebraska.

Also present were representatives from P.A.C.E. from Pontiac, Michigan, the Northern Student Movement in Detroit, the Chicago Freedom Democratic Clubs, the SDS, and Jobs Or Income Now from Cairo, Illinois.

[___________] had hoped to involve the W.E.B. DuBois Clubs of America (DCA) (a characterization of which appears in the appendix hereto) in this conference and had discussed this with Phil Davis, National President of the DuBois Clubs. It was the feeling of some of the sponsors of the meeting that if the DCA did participate, it would draw "red-baiting" and suspicion on the conference.

A characterization of Phil Davis appears in the characterization of DCA in the appendix hereto.

[___________], who source described as a member of the CP in St. Louis, Missouri, and DCA Organizer for Southern Illinois and Missouri, attended this conference at
RE: CONGRESS OF RACIAL EQUALITY (CORE)

invitation and instruction. Peake was introduced as a member of East St. Louis, Illinois, CORE.

This conference was originally scheduled to be held at the United Automobile Workers (UAW) Camp, John F. Kennedy Park, in Ottawa, Illinois, but was transferred to the Ada Noyes Hall at the University of Chicago. made the statement that the UAW representatives had objected to making the camp available due to the participation in the meeting by SDS personnel.

About 150 persons attended this meeting. The first day, Saturday, was devoted to two panel discussions. Following each panel discussion, the delegates broke up into small discussion groups. On the second day of the meeting, Sunday, CORE and SDS members gathered separately to discuss the specific problems relating to their organizations.

The first panel discussion, "Goals of Organizing" was participated in by a representative from the Northern Student Movement from Detroit, a member from SDS and "W.O.I.N.", Chicago, and a member of the Freedom Democratic Clubs of Chicago. The presentation made by was concerned with the differences between, as he stated it, "us" and professional social workers relating to the War on Poverty employees, and other similar topics. emphasized the importance of CORE acquiring a "working class" outlook and ridding itself of the "middle class" ideas. The representative from the Northern Student Movement said it was important to define over-all aims beyond immediate goals and two points should be concentrated on. First, to select issues that "we" can begin to win on immediately; and second, select issues and actions which force the power structure to react to "us".

The representative of the Freedom Democratic Clubs of Chicago talked about politics and revolution. He said that a revolution cannot be achieved through politics, but that political activity will reflect revolutionary activity. He said there are three ways to change power and to move the power structure. These are: (1) politics, (2) economic sanctions, and (3) violence. He said that whatever method is chosen, people must reorganize to carry out the revolution.

The second panel was concerned with "Building Permanent Community Structures". This panel was chaired by a member of.
RE: CONGRESS OF RACIAL EQUALITY (CORE)

SDS. This panel was concerned with the basic problems of practical organizing.

The home of an official of the Packing-house Workers Union, at ___ in Chicago, was made available for housing one of the delegates to the meeting. ___ described himself as a former member of the Young Communist League. A strategy meeting involving planning for the CORE National Convention was held at this address around midnight on Saturday, May 7, 1965. This meeting was attended by leaders of the "left faction" in CORE, including ___ of Chicago and ___ of St. Louis. The following plans for the National Convention were tentatively agreed upon:

The main effort of the "left" forces will be aimed at electing a favorable National Action Council and not in a direct attack on James Farmer, National Director. It was the feeling that once the National Action Council was "taken over", then there will be time to clean out the national office and finally get rid of James Farmer. A move may be started to end the policy of four National Action Council members being appointed by the National Director. Once the "left-wing" forces feel that they have strength to do so, they intend to move to strike out the anti-Communist clause altogether from the CORE Constitution.

A resolution giving regional organizations final approval over the hiring and firing of field staff members was discussed. It is planned to urge other regions in CORE to set up the kind of regional organization which has been established in the Midwest and which can operate semi-independently of, and, if necessary, at cross-purposes to the National CORE organization. This particular effort is one being sponsored by ___ who is also working on the idea of a regionally-employed Field Secretary. His interest in this regard stems from the fact that he was recently fired by the National CORE organization.

The "left" forces in CORE feel that they are very strong in the far west, especially around Los Angeles, California. They feel that they have the Midwest under their control although one of the members said that elements in her chapter continue to "red-bait" and oppose her. The eastern part of the United States is considered "Farmer's territory"
RE: CONGRESS OF RACIAL EQUALITY (CORE)

although the CORE chapters at Columbia University in New York City, the Brooklyn, New York, CORE, and the Englewood, New Jersey, CORE were described as especially friendly. It was felt that the southeast and southwestern regions are pivotal and considerable effort will be concentrated in these areas. Plans to make a tour of the midwestern chapters before the convention in order to solicit support. Funds for this trip will be forthcoming from "left" forces in Chicago. It is planned to get everyone who is friendly to the "left" to attend the convention and efforts will be made to get some kind of voting credentials for these individuals.

was anxious to arrange a conference with [name redacted] Organizational Secretary of the CP of the United States, for the purpose of conferring with him about the CORE Convention. Tournour also stated that he intended to confer with DCA leadership about the CORE Convention planning during the DCA National meeting which will be held in Chicago over Memorial Day.
RE: CONGRESS OF RACIAL EQUALITY (CORE)  

A source has advised that on October 26-27, 1963, a conference of members of the Communist Party (CP), including National Functionaries, met in Chicago, Illinois, for the purpose of setting in motion forces for the establishment of a new national Marxist oriented youth organization which would hunt for the most peaceful transition to socialism. The delegates to this meeting were cautioned against the germ of anti-Soviet and anti-CP ideologies. These delegates were also told that it would be reasonable to assume that the young socialists attracted into this new organization would eventually pass into the CP itself.

A second conference of over 20 persons met in Chicago on December 28-29, 1963, for the purpose of initiating a "call" to the new youth organization and planning for a founding convention to be held in June, 1964.

A second source has advised that the founding convention for the new youth organization was held from June 19-21, 1964, at 150 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, California, at which time the name W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS OF AMERICA was adopted. Approximately 500 delegates from throughout the United States attended this convention. The aims of this organization, as set forth in the preamble to the constitution, are, "It is our belief that this nation can best solve its problems in an atmosphere of peaceful co-existence, complete disarmament and true freedom for all peoples of the world, and that these solutions will be reached mainly through the united efforts of all democratic elements in our country, composed essentially of the working people allied in the unity of Negroes and other minorities with whites. We further fully recognize that the greatest threat to American democracy comes from the racist and right wing forces in coalition with the most reactionary sections of the economic power structure, using the tool of anti-communism to divide and destroy the unified struggle of the working people. As young people in the forces struggling for democracy, we shall actively strive to defeat these reactionary and neo-fascist elements and to achieve complete freedom and democracy for all Americans, thus enabling each individual to
W.E.B. DuBois Clubs of America

freely choose and build the society he would wish to live in. Through these struggles we feel the American people will realize the viability of the socialist alternatives."

The constitution further states that this new organization shall be a membership organization open to individuals or if five or more people so desire a chapter can be formed which shall in turn be guided by the policies and principles of the parent organization.

The second source has also advised that at the founding convention it was voted that the organization should be temporarily headquartered in San Francisco, California, although no specific physical location was decided upon. This same source advised on June 29, 1964, that the temporary headquarters of this organization is 1007 McAllister Street, San Francisco, which is the headquarters of the W.E.B. DuBois Club of San Francisco.

Both sources have advised that at the founding convention two officers were elected:

[Name] President, and
[Name] Publications Chairman.

A third source has advised that on October 26, 1962, [Name] attended a CP recruiting class held at 1579 Scenic Avenue, Berkeley, California.

A fourth source has advised that [Name] reporter for the "People's World" newspaper, was, on April 3, 1964, elected to the newly organized San Francisco County Committee of the CP.

The "People's World" is a West Coast communist newspaper published weekly in San Francisco, California.
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
St. Louis, Missouri
May 18, 1965

Title
CONGRESS OF RACIAL EQUALITY (CORE)

Character
Reference Letterhead memorandum dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.
"May 14, 1965

A Conference on Community Organizing sponsored jointly by Students for a Democratic Society and Midwestern C.O.R.E. chapters was held in Chicago on Saturday, May 7 and Sunday, May 8. The basic organizers of this conference were [ ] and [ ] of Detroit. While one main objective of this meeting was to bring together 'community organizers' from around the Midwest to pool experience and plan toward more effective organizing work among poor Negroes and whites, another objective was to bring together leaders of the 'left wing' of C.O.R.E. (in the Midwest) to discuss strategy and tactics for the upcoming (July 1-4) C.O.R.E. National Convention in Durham, North Carolina.

Participants in the Conference on Community Organizing included delegations from C.O.R.E. chapters in Ohio (Columbus, Cleveland), Michigan (Ann Arbor, Detroit), Wisconsin (Milwaukee), Chicago, St. Louis, and Kansas City, Omaha and Lawrence, Kansas. There were also representatives present from P.A.C.E. (Pontiac, Michigan), Northern Student Movement in Detroit, the Chicago Freedom Democratic Clubs, and Students for a Democratic Society projects in Chicago (J.O.I.N.) and Cairo, Illinois. [ ] had hoped to involve DuBois Clubs of America leadership in this conference, and had discussed this with PHIL DAVIS, but it was felt by others (primarily [ ]) that this would draw 'red-baiting' and suspicion to the conference. [ ] DuBois Organizer for Southern Illinois-Missouri, did attend this conference at [ ] invitation and, at [ ] instruction, was listed and introduced as a member of E. St. Louis C.O.R.E.

This conference was originally to be held at the United Auto Workers John F. Kennedy Park in Ottawa, Illinois, but was transferred to Ada Noyes Hall at the University of Chicago. According to [ ] the U.A.W. representative had objected to the participation of S.D.S. personnel.

The conference was attended by more than 150 persons. The first day, Saturday was devoted to two panel discussions (after each panel the body was broken up..."
"into small discussion groups) and a social period in the evening. On the second day (Sunday) the C.O.R.E. and S.D.S. members gathered separately to discuss specific problems of their organizations.

"The first panel discussed 'Goals of Organizing'. Participating were [Signature] of Northern Student Movement (Detroit), [Signature] of S.D.S., [Signature] of the Freedom Democratic Club (Chicago). This panel was chaired by [Signature] (from Detroit C.O.R.E.).

[Signature] said it was important to define overall aims beyond our immediate goals—that we should 1) select issues we can begin to win on immediately, 2) select issues and actions which force the power structure to react to us (he used as an example the Mississippi Freedom Democratic Party), and stressed the need to put the 'establishment' on the defensive. [Signature] talked about the issue being 'democracy' and about the need for building a movement to bring pressure on the power structure to democratize it.

[Signature] talked about politics and revolution. He declared that we cannot achieve a revolution through politics, but that political activity will reflect revolutionary activity. He said there are three ways to change power and to move the power structure: 1) politics, 2) economic sanctions, 3) violence. He declared that whatever way we choose, we must get out and organize people to carry out the revolution.

"The second panel was concerned with 'Building Permanent Community Structures'. [Signature] of S.D.S. chaired it. [Signature] had chaired the first panel. Participating were [Signature] (last name not known) from the J.O.I.N. (Jobs Or Income Now) Chicago project, [Signature] from the Cairo, Illinois project and [Signature] from Cleveland C.O.R.E. This
"panel was concerned with the basic problems of practical organizing. 

arranged housing for PEAKE at the apartment of Packinghouse Workers Union official, at 4800 South Lake Shore Drive. called a 'good guy' and a person that should get to know'. discussed left-wing politics and personalities at some length with Peake, evidencing great interest and sympathy with the DuBois Clubs (his son is active in the DuBois Club at Madison, Wisconsin) and telling that he had been a member of the Young Communist League.

"A strategy meeting involving planning for the C.O.R.E. National Convention was held at around midnight on Saturday. Attending were the Midwest leaders of the left faction in C.O.R.E., including of Cleveland, of St. Louis. Also attending were a of girlfriend of St. Louis. Further (and final) discussion on strategy will be held at the C.O.R.E. Midwest Regional Meeting on June 9. of Detroit is also a leader in this faction.

"The following plans for the national convention were tentatively agreed upon: The main effort of the left forces will be aimed at electing a favorable National Action Council, not in a direct attack on It is felt that once the National Action Council is 'taken over', they can 'take their time' in cleaning out the National Office and finally getting rid of Farmer. There may be a move to end the appointing of four NAC members by the national director. If the left forces feel they have the strength to do so, they will move to strike out the anti-Communist clause altogether from the CORE Constitution. A resolution giving Regional Organizations final approval over the hiring and firing of Field Staff was discussed. (They plan to urge other regions to set up the kind of Regional Organization which has been established in the Midwest, which can operate semi-independently of and at cross-purposes to the National CORE organization if possible.) This effort is brainchild, and he is now working as a sort of Regionally-employed
"Field Secretary, after having been fired by the National.

"The left forces feel they are very strong in the Far West, especially around Los Angeles. They feel they have the Midwest under control, although [redacted] complained that National CORE is encouraging dissident elements in her chapter to red-bait and oppose her. The East is considered 'Farmer's territory' although COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY C.O.R.E., BROOKLYN CORE, AND ENGLEWOOD, NEW JERSEY C.O.R.E. [redacted] (spelling-??) of Englewood, was mentioned as especially friendly. They regard the SOUTHEAST and SOUTHWESTERN REGIONS as pivotal, and most of their politicking will be concentrated there. They mentioned offering [redacted] (head of the Louisiana project) anything he wanted' in an effort to gain his support. [redacted] plan to make a tour of Midwestern chapters (and possibly elsewhere) before the Convention, soliciting support. Funds for this trip will come from left sources in Chicago. [redacted] expressed hope that the Promoter of the 'Beatles' concert in Chicago would come up with a sizable contribution. This fellow is also the manager of the [redacted] Trio', a folk singing group, and [redacted] mentioned that this trio had helped the New Mexico DuBois Club a great deal while they were appearing at the Univ. of New Mexico.

"It is planned to get everyone friendly to the left to the convention who can possibly go, and that efforts will be made to obtain some kind of voting credentials for these people at the convention.

[redacted] has asked [redacted] to confer with [redacted] about the convention and has asked [redacted] to arrange a meeting between [redacted] if this is possible. [redacted] plan to confer with DuBois leadership about the Convention planning while the DuBois Clubs are holding their National Meeting in Chicago over Memorial Day."
TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442158)

FROM: SAC, ST. LOUIS (100-8295)(RUC)
CONGRESS OF RACIAL EQUALITY (CORE)
IS - C


Enclosed for Bureau are eight copies of a LHM setting out details of a CORE conference held in Chicago, Ill., on 5/8/65. This conference took the place of a conference originally scheduled to be held at Ottawa, Ill., 5/7-8/65, but which was not held when local authorities would not make UAW Camp available.

One copy of the LHM and one copy of the report of dated 5/14/65, is being furnished to each of the offices designated for information purposes in channelizing information that relates to their respective divisions.

3 - Bureau (Enc. 8)(RM)
2 - Chicago (Enc. 2)(RM)
2 - Cleveland (Enc. 2)(RM)
2 - Charlotte (Enc. 2)(RM)
2 - Detroit (Enc. 2)(RM)
2 - Kansas City (Enc. 2)(RM)
2 - Los Angeles (Enc. 2)(RM)
2 - Milwaukee (Enc. 2)(RM)
2 - Newark (Enc. 2)(RM)
2 - New York (Enc. 2)(RM)
2 - Omaha (Enc. 2)(RM)
2 - Springfield (Enc. 2)(RM)
1 - St. Louis
SJP/rc

(26)

Approved: Special Agent in Charge

Sent M Per
SL 100-8295

Since the information in the LHM is such that withholding it until characterizations of individuals could be secured from these offices would affect its value, the LHM has been prepared omitting identities of individuals who are not known to St. Louis.

Offices receiving copies of this airtel should prepare a LHM if any of the individuals in their territory can be characterized as having subversive connections. Such LHMs should reference attached St. Louis LHM. Extreme care should be used in any dissemination of the information contained in report of [blank] in order to protect the identity of the source. This report was furnished to SA SPURGEON J. PETERSON in St. Louis on 5/14/65.

The attached LHM has been classified confidential in order to further protect the identity of confidential informants who furnished this information, some of which is known to a comparatively few individuals.

Following is a list of individuals and organizations involved, broken down according to field divisions:

**CHICAGO**

CORE
Chicago Freedom Democratic Clubs
Students for a Democratic Society
Jobs Or Income Now (J.O.I.N.)

(used and characterized in SL LHM)

**CLEVELAND**

CORE

**CHARLOTTE**

CORE
SL 100-8295

DETOUR

CORE
P.A.C.E.
Northern Student Movement

KANSAS CITY

CORE

LOS ANGELES

CORE

MILWAUKEE

CORE
(FNU) W.E.B. DuBois Clubs

NEWARK

CORE (PH)

NEW YORK

CORE
Students for a Democratic Society (Both used in SL LHM)

OMAHA

CORE

SPRINGFIELD

CORE
Sources used in St. Louis LHM:
Sources 1, 2, 3, and 4 used in characterization of DCA.
Source 5 is
Source 6 is

further advised that another meeting of
the CORE Midwest Council will be held in Chicago, Illinois,
on 6/9/65. Informant has as yet not been invited to attend
the meeting. He may not be able to go even if invited due
to other commitments. He is going to attend CP classes in
New York City the middle part of June.
Cover Sheet for Informant Report or Material

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-154578)

FROM: SAC, VFO (100-43999)

SUBJECT: AYFC

Date received: 5/18/65

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

☑ in person ☐ by telephone ☐ by mail ☐ orally ☐ recording device ☐ written by informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Date: May 18, 1965

Date(s) of activity: May 18, 1965

Brief description of activity or material

☑ AND SNCC AND AYFC

File where original is located if not attached: b7D

Remarks: This informant has furnished insufficient information to determine reliability.

3- NEW YORK (F1)
   100- SNCC
   100- CIRM 10/15/54

3- ATLANTA (F1)
   100-
   100- SNCC
   100- CIRM

4- VFO
   100-43999 AYFC
   100-43710 CIRM
   100-41626 CIMITIFL SNCC
   157-66 SNCC

CEG: map
(1D)
"On 5 May 65, [name] advised he does not like the idea of SNCC being involved in the American Youth Festival Committee. [name] stated he felt that the Committee was somehow connected with CPUSA. However, [name] felt he could not dictate to individual SNCC people whether they could attend festival. He further added SNCC would not finance any SNCC staff's expenses for that purpose.

[Name] appears very biased against CPUSA."

This memorandum has been compared with the original statement and it is correct in substance.

All necessary action which should be taken in connection with this information has been taken.
Reference is made to previous communication submitted in this matter dated April 16, 1965. All confidential sources referred to in this communication and in the Appendix have furnished reliable information in the past, unless otherwise indicated.

Characterizations of individuals are set forth at the end of this communication, where such characterizations were available.

Confidential source number 1 advised on May 6, 1965, that the following individuals participated in a program sponsored by the Medical Committee For Human Rights (MCHR), 211 West 56th Street, New York City, in aid of civil rights workers and demonstrators in Mississippi. Each of these individuals did volunteer work in Mississippi sometime during the period January, 1964 to March, 1965. Most of the individuals listed are doctors and nurses.

With reference to the MCHR, a circular on the stationery of the MCHR dated March 22, 1965, contained the following information concerning the MCHR:

"It has become apparent that the Civil Rights movement has urgent need for support by Health and Medical personnel. The MEDICAL COMMITTEE FOR HUMAN RIGHTS came into being last summer to fill this need in Mississippi. Since it was formed, our organization

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.
Medical Committee for
Human Rights

has continued to work and grow, as physicians, nurses, dentists, psychologists, medical students and other professionals throughout the Nation have welcomed the opportunity to use their specific health skills for the cause of Civil Rights. We now have MCHR groups in 8 major cities and hundreds of individual members."

Mississippi Personnel

<table>
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<th>Address</th>
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<tr>
<td>Robert Axelrod, M.D.</td>
<td>24-101 Seneca Street</td>
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CONFIDENTIAL

Medical Committee for Human Rights

New York, New York

Long Beach, California

Boston, Massachusetts 02115

St. Albans, Long Island, New York

Baltimore, Maryland 21218

Detroit Metropolitan Hospital
Detroit, Michigan

New York, New York

New Haven, Connecticut

New York, New York

Chicago, Illinois

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Medical Committee for Human Rights

New York, New York

East Williston, Long Island, New York

Teaneck, New Jersey

New York, New York

Chicago, Illinois

New York, New York, 10025

Washington, D.C.

Los Angeles, California

Fort Lee, New Jersey 07024

New Haven, Connecticut

Chicago, Illinois

Chicago, Illinois

Haddonfield, New Jersey

Chicago, Illinois

New York, New York

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CONFIDENTIAL
Medical Committee for Human Rights

New York, New York

Fulton, New York

New York, New York

New York, New York

New York, New York

New York 24, New York

Jackson Medical Committee Office

North Farish Street

Jackson, Mississippi

The following are available characterizations concerning certain of the individuals listed above:

Confidential source number 2 on April 12, 1961, identified [redacted] as a secret member of the Communist Party (CP).

On April 6, 1961, confidential source number 3 made available information which indicated that [redacted] was the [redacted] of a check in the amount of [redacted] payable to The Physicians Forum (PF), 510 Madison Avenue, New York City, on March 8, 1961.
Medical Committee for Human Rights

This information is not to be made public except in the usual proceedings following the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum.

The person to be subpoenaed is...

The above information is not to be made public except in the usual proceedings following the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum, directed to...

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Medical Committee for
Human Rights

On October 18, 1964, confidential source number 5, made available material which indicated that the name New York City, Apartment was maintained by Freedomways Associates, Incorporated. (See Appendix)

Confidential source number 16, an agency which collects security information in the Chicago area, on December 20, 1948, advised that while a college student at the University of Chicago, attended a meeting of the Civil Rights Congress, Hyde Park chapter, held December 19, 1948, at Chicago, Illinois. At this meeting condemned the policy of forcing college instructors to take a loyalty oath. stated that instead of a loyalty oath, instructors should be asked to uphold the Constitution of the United States.

The Civil Rights Congress has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

"The Chicago Maroon", a University of Chicago publication for February 6, 1948, carried an article relating to a Students for Wallace rally which would be held at the University of Chicago Reynolds Club Theater, on February 10, 1948. was listed as one of the student sponsors of this rally.
Medical Committee for
Human Rights

A characterization of the Students for
is attached.

Confidential source number 6 advised on
December 5, 1953, that in
1953 resided in Hastings, New York. This
source was of the belief that
was a CP member, inasmuch as she
had attended meetings at which all other
persons present were CP members and at
which CP business was openly discussed.

The "New York Post and Home News" issue
of July 14, 1949, contained an article
reporting the testimony of Manning Johnson
before the House Un-American Activities Committee. The article stated that Johnson, an admitted former member of the CP National Committee, had told the Committee that he had been a CP member up to 1940 and described Robeson as a CP member for many years and had frequently met Robeson in CP Headquarters going to or coming from meetings with top Communist leaders. Johnson said Robeson's Party membership was kept secret from rank and file Communists.

On November 17, 1952, a CP member from December ___ to March, advised Robeson admitted CP membership in November 1952.

Robeson was the winner of the Stalin Peace Prize of $25,000.00 in December, 1952.

"The New York Times" Late-City Edition dated December 23, 1963, in an article on Paul Robeson on Page 26, stated that "for eight years from 1950 to 1958, his refusal to sign an affidavit stating whether he was or had been a Communist Party member caused the United States to deny him a passport. A Supreme Court decision in 1958 temporarily killed the affidavit requirement and a passport was issued".

In another article in "The New York Times" Late City Edition dated December 23, 1963, page 1, it was stated that Robeson left
CONFIDENTIAL

Medical Committee for
Human Rights

the United States on July 10, 1958, for
London, sang in the Soviet Union off and
on and acted in England before becoming
ill in April, 1961. On August 25, 1963,
he arrived in East Berlin for treatment
for what his wife called circulatory trouble,
and returned to London "last Wednesday" and
arrived back in New York on December 22,
1963.

Confidential source number 9 during the
period May 14, 1963 to March 26, 1964,
advised that [Name] was a member
of the Socialist Workers Party, New York
Local (SWP, NYL), and during the period
May 9, 1963 to March 12, 1964, [Name]
attended 17 closed membership meetings of
the SWP, NYL.

The SWP, NYL is characterized in the Appendix.

Confidential source number 10 advised on
July 24, 1962, that in June, 1962, some
National CP members attended a social at
the residence of [Name], St. Albans, New York.
This source stated that a Communist present
at the social made the comment that [Name]
was not a CP member at that time,
but that he would try to get [Name]
into the CP in the near future.
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Medical Committee for
Human Rights

Confidential source number 11 advised on
November 6, 1962, that [redacted] New York City, attended a
reception for persons who were to appear
before the Parole Board on October 30,
1962 in behalf of Morton Sobell. This
reception was held on October 29, 1962
at International House, 1895 R Street,
Washington, D.C.

On December 11, 1962, confidential
source number 12 advised that the name
New York City, was known at Headquarters
of the Committee to Secure Justice for
Morton Sobell, 940 Broadway, New York
City; that he had attended on October 30,
1962 a hearing and had written a letter
to the Parole Board in behalf of Morton
Sobell.

A characterization of the Committee to
Secure Justice for Morton Sobell is
set forth in the Appendix. This char-
acterization includes one for Morton
Sobell.

On April 6, 1961, confidential source
number 3 advised [redacted]

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Medical Committee for
Human Rights

The above information is not to be made
public except upon issuance of a subpoena
duces tecum directed to

was graduated from
the School of Medicine, University of
Southern California, in 1950.

In May, 1947, confidential source number
13 advised that a [ ] who at that
time was a student at the University of
Southern California had made application
for membership in the Los Angeles County
CP in October, 1946. He was issued CP
membership book number 49920. [ ] used
the CP name [ ] and under this
name recruited at least two additional
members into the CP prior to May 1, 1947.

A third source, who has furnished reliable
information in the past, stated on October
22, 1964, that a public meeting of Discussion
Unlimited, Incorporated (DU)(see Appendix),
was held in the school auditorium of the
Fairfax High School, 7850 Melrose Avenue,
Los Angeles, California, on October 16,
1964.
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At this meeting M.D. was introduced as a physician who had given aid in the State of Mississippi during the past summer.

Confidential source number 15, on February 13, 1958, made available a copy of letterhead stationery of The Physicians Forum, Incorporated, which contained a mimeographed letter dated January 30, 1958. The reverse side of the letterhead contained a list of individuals under the heading "Board of Directors." The name, New York, New York, appeared on this list.

In 1948 New York City, advised that he had maintained office space with approximately years previous to that time. He considered to be definitely pro-Russian and pro-Communist. He had formed this opinion during the time he shared office space with had often expressed his sentiments in favor of Communism and Russia.

On January 7, 1964, M.D., New York, furnished the following information:

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Medical Committee for Human Rights

He met in about 1946 at Long Island College of Medicine, Brooklyn, New York. had an interest in the Association of Interns and Medical Students (AIMS); requested to inquire of of Long Island College of Medicine, regarding the possibility of forming a chapter of AIMS at the college. and permission to form a chapter of AIMS was granted. was a member of AIMS up until at least July, 1949, and was quite active in it.

On one occasion attempted to induce unsuccessfully, to subscribe to the "Daily Worker" or "The Worker". felt that subscribed to the political views of the "Daily Worker".

The "Daily Worker" was an East Coast Communist newspaper, which ceased publication January 13, 1958.

"The Worker" is an East Coast Communist newspaper.

AIMS is characterized in the Appendix.

White Plains, New York, furnished the following information on February 20, 1964:

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Medical Committee for
Human Rights

[Name] graduated from Long Island
College of Medicine in 1949. [Name] was attending Long Island
College of Medicine in 1949 and at that
time was a officer of the AIMS chapter
located there.
CONFIDENTIAL

Medical Committee for
Human Rights

APPENDIX

ASSOCIATION OF INTERNS AND MEDICAL STUDENTS (AIMS)

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, to supersede Guide published on January 2, 1957, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., sets for the following concerning the Association of Interns and Medical Students (AIMS).

"1. Cited as an organization which 'has long been a faithful follower of the Communist Party line' and which supported the International Union of Students' Second World Student Congress in Prague in August, 1950.

"(Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 378 on the Communist 'Peace' Offensive, April 25, 1951, originally released April 1, 1951, p.79)"

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CONFIDENTIAL

Medical Committee for
Human Rights

APPENDIX

1.

COMMITTEE TO SECURE
JUSTICE FOR MORTON SOBECK

"Following the execution of atomic spies ETHEL
and JULIUS ROSENBERG in June, 1953, the 'Communist campaign
assumed a different emphasis. Its major effort centered
upon MORTON SOBECK,' the ROSENBERGS' codefendant. The
National Committee to Secure Justice in the Rosenberg
Case - a Communist front which had been conducting the
campaign in the United States - was reconstituted as the
National Rosenberg-Sobell Committee at a conference in
Chicago in October, 1953, and 'then as the National
Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell in the
Rosenberg Case'...."

("Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications"
dated December 1, 1961, issued by the House Committee on Un-
American Activities, page 116.

In September, 1954, the name "National Committee
to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" appeared on literature
issued by the Committee. In March, 1955, the current name,
"Committee to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell," first
appeared on literature issued by the Committee.

The Address Telephone Directory for the Borough
of Manhattan, New York City, as published by the New York
Telephone Company on April 20, 1964, lists the "Committee
to Secure Justice for Morton Sobell" (CSJMS) as being
located at 940 Broadway, New York, New York.
Medical Committee for
Human Rights

APPENDIX

DISCUSSION UNLIMITED

Records of the Division of Corporations, California
State Department of Investments, Los Angeles, California,
indicate that Discussion Unlimited filed its Articles
of Incorporation as a nonprofit corporation, with the Secretary
of State, Sacramento, California, on or about June 4, 1963,
noting its principal site of office as Los Angeles County,
California. The aims and purposes of the organization, as
listed in the Articles of Incorporation, are "...to promote
full and open discussion on our society and problems."

A source advised on May 8, 1963, that Discussion
Unlimited actually was originated in Los Angeles, California,
in May, 1962, and was composed largely of a number of present
and former Communist Party members who assist in staging
panel forums and in promoting such events. Original
coordinator of the group was [name redacted] who in 1961,
was educational director of the Southern California District
Communist Party.

This source was recontacted on May 15, 1964, and
indicated that the basic concept of Discussion Unlimited has
not changed. It continues to present "left ideas" to at
least partially non-committed audiences. It proposes to
develop special activities around various issues on an
irregular basis. It is not a membership organization, and
does not hold regular meetings as such, but rather is strictly
a forum type organization.

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APPENDIX

1.

FREEDOMWAYS ASSOCIATES, INCORPORATED

The records of the New York Secretary of State, Albany, New York, show that the certificate of incorporation of Freedomways Associates, Incorporated, was filed on March 2, 1961.


On May 24, 1961, a source advised that a report was given on "Freedomways" at a meeting of the National Board, Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), held on May 24, 1961. It was stated that the original plan called for the publication to be openly Marxist, but that it was later decided it would not be avowedly a Marxist publication. Editorials are in the hands of a mixed group of Marxists and non-Marxists. It was stated that the central purpose of "Freedomways" is to develop a theory and positive criticism of currents in the Negro movement, as well as to raise the level of understanding and discussion taking place in Negro life today and to project a socialist and pro-Soviet orientation.

On May 25, 1961, another source advised that "Freedomways" was set up for the CPUSA by JAMES JACKSON, a member of the National Committee of the CPUSA.
CONFIDENTIAL

Medical Committee for Human Rights

APPENDIX

1. THE PHYSICIANS FORUM INCORPORATED

Records in the office of the Clerk, New York State Supreme Court, Foley Square, New York, reflect that The Physicians' Forum, Inc., (PF) was issued a Certificate of Incorporation on April 27, 1944, under the laws of the State of New York, to operate as a non-profit, membership organization principally in the United States. The PF, under the name of the New York Physicians' Forum, had been in existence as an unincorporated association since about 1939.

A source, on September 13, 1954, furnished a folder of PF entitled "What is the Physicians' Forum?" which stated in part that to maintain freedom of thought and expression in medicine, the Forum opposes the imposition of "loyalty oaths" as a prerequisite for licensure, for hospital appointments or privileges, in medical schools, or hospital staffs and against patients; to re-establish the freedom of the medical press, the Forum urges medical society publications to open their volumes to diverse views on controversial subjects; and to provide a forum wherein socially liberal doctors may express their views in opposition to the policies of organized medicine.

The report of the Sub-Committee to Investigate the Administration of the Internal Security Act and other Security Laws of the Committee of the Judiciary, United States Senate, 82nd Congress, 1952 on "Subversive Influence in the Educational Process" on page 37 sets out the testimony of BESSA DODD, member of the National Committee of the Communist Party from 1944 to 1948. DODD testified that
Medical Committee for Human Rights

APPENDIX

2. THE PHYSICIANS FORUM INCORPORATED

the PF was established primarily by the Communist Party (CP) and although not all members of the PF were Communists, the "initiative for organizing the PF came from the CP, came from the ninth floor (35 East 12th Street, New York City), where the National Committee of the CP existed."

On April 24, 1963, the above source advised that the PF is opposed to the resumption of nuclear testing and is against compulsory membership for physicians in the American Medical Association (AMA). It continues to be active in a program of supporting legislation which would provide medical care for the recipients of Social Security benefits, and provide for Social Security benefits for physicians.

The Physicians' Forum is located at 510 Madison Avenue, New York, New York.
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Medical Committee for
Human Rights

APPENDIX

1.

SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY -
NEW YORK LOCAL

A source stated on August 25, 1960, that the
New York Local (NYL) of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP)
was founded during 1938 in New York City.

A second confidential source stated on April 8,
1964, that the NYL was affiliated with and followed the
aims and purposes of the National SWP.

The SWP has been designated pursuant to
Executive Order 10450.
CONFIDENTIAL

Medical Committee for Human Rights

APPENDIX

STUDENTS FOR WALLACE

1. "This Communist-front activity was organized originally by the Communist front, Progressive Citizens of America. It was active on California campuses in racial agitation, support and defense of known Communists, agitation against legislative investigating committees, and political campaigning for the Communist controlled third party. It also featured the Communist party line against universal military training. After the 1948 elections it merged with Young Progressives, the youth section of the third party movement, and the combination took over the functions and activities of American Youth for Democracy, which had been direct successor to the Young Communist League.

"(California Committee on Un-American Activities, Report, 1949, Page 361)."
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT MEMORANDUM

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (157-888)  
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (157-1414)(P)  
DATE: 5/18/65

SUBJECT: MEDICAL COMMITTEE FOR HUMAN RIGHTS RACIAL MATTERS (OO: NEW YORK)

1- New York (100-153735)(CIRM)(42)
   1- New York (100-124228)
   1- New York (100-121662)
   1- New York (100-96530)
   1- New York (100-141907)
   1- New York (100-113209)
   1- New York (100-114474)
   1- New York (100-120225)
   1- New York (100-153636)
   1- New York (100-118109)
   1- New York (100-111335)

COPIES CONT'D NEXT PAGE

VJA: mzb
(53)

CONFIDENTIAL
NY 157-1414

COPIES CONT'D

1- New York (100-118885) (45)
1- New York (157-892) (45)
1- New York (157-1175) (42)
1- New York (100-New) (COMINFIL MEDICAL COMMITTEE FOR HUMAN RIGHTS) (41)

ReNYlet and LHM to Bureau, dated 4/16/65.

Enclosed for the Bureau and offices listed, are copies of an LHM setting forth a list of individuals who participated as volunteers in civil rights work in Mississippi, sponsored by the Medical Committee for Human Rights (MCHR).

Unless previously furnished to the Bureau and NYO, offices receiving copies of this communication are requested to submit LHMs on individuals residing in their territories who are alleged, according to enclosed list, to have participated in the Mississippi project of the MCHR. These memoranda should reflect available pertinent subversive information concerning participants from file review at the offices concerned.

Confidential sources referred to in attached LHM are identified as follows:

Number 1
Number 2
Number 3

New York City, (BY REQUEST)
NY 157-1414

Number 4  Former  NY 3246-S
Number 5  Former
Number 6
Number 7

Number 8

(C)

Number 9
Number 10
Number 11
Number 12
Number 13  LA 3200-S
Number 14
Number 15
Number 16  Security Unit, NYO
            Panel Source, NYO
            Police Department

Attached LHM is classified "Confidential" to protect the identities of the following sources:

1, 2, 5, 7, 9 through 15.

Information copies are designated for Cleveland in view of information previously furnished that a local chapter of MCHR was being formed in that city.

A recommendation is being made by the NYO to institute Cominfill investigation of the MCHR in order to fully develop any subversive ramifications involved. This will be handled in accordance with Section 87 of the Manual of Instructions. This recommendation is based on the following facts:

- 3 -
NY-157-1414

1. At the organizing meeting set up to form a New York chapter of MCHR on 2/3/65, JESSE GRAY was invited as speaker. JESSE GRAY is a former CP member and Security Index subject of the NYO. (See New York airtel to Bureau, 1/28/65).

2. ___________ security subjects of WFO are financial angels for the MCHR. They have allegedly contributed $20,000.00 to the MCHR and have pledged an annual contribution of $25,000.00. ___________ is a Security Index subject of WFO and ___________ is on the Reserve Index-B at that office. (See WFO airtel to Bureau, 4/29/65).

3. According to a circular distributed by The Physicians Forum, Incorporated, 510 Madison Avenue, New York City, the MCHR is cited therein as the "most important organization that we have helped through giving names and manpower". The Physicians Forum is characterized in the Appendix section of the LHM. (See New York letter to Bureau, 4/16/65).

4. Of 24 members on the National Executive Board of the MCHR, subversive information is available concerning 10. Of the ten, three were described as CP members in 1946, 1953, and 1961, respectively. (See New York letter to Bureau, 4/16/65).

5. Of the 58 individuals from the New York area who participated in the Mississippi Project of the MCHR, 1964-1965, subversive information is available concerning 11, as set forth in attached LHM.

6. The MCHR is supporting the ___________ Health Center, Holmes County, Mississippi, in memory of ___________ who was described as a CP member as of November, 1954. (See WFO airtel to Bureau, 4/23/65).
7. Of four individuals identified as active in behalf of the MCHR in Los Angeles area, one of them, [_____] was identified in November, 1958 as a CP member. Subversive information concerning Dr. [_____] of Los Angeles is set forth in the attached LHM. (See Los Angeles letter to Bureau, 5/3/65).

8. Of newly-elected officers of the New Haven chapter of the MCHR, subversive information is available concerning [_____] and [_____] (See New Haven letter to Bureau, 5/3/65).

9. A prominent figure in the Boston chapter of the MCHR is [_____] concerning whom subversive information was furnished in Boston letter to the Bureau dated 5/3/65.
SAC, NEW YORK (10C-154786) 5/19/65

SA (45)

DEMONSTRATIONS PROTESTING U.S. INTERVENTION IN VIET NAM RACIAL MATTERS

Identity of Source

Description of info Info re proposed disruption of Armed Forces Day Parade, 5/15/65

Date Received 5/11/65

Original where located

Info in report furnished to case agent 5/11/65.

A copy of informant's report follows:

1 - (Inv)(45)
1 - 100-153735 (CIRM)
1 - 100-143784
1 - 100-142813
1 - 100-145699
1 - 100-121672
1 - 100-154786 (43)

SSM: kmk (7)
On the 9th of May about 8:00 P.M. at 325 Lafayette St., 2nd Floor a meeting took place there which was sponsored by the Committee For Non Violent Action it workshop.

The following who are known were present

plus several others who are former members of Advance among an attendance of approximately 100.

The purpose of the meeting was to lay out suggestions and amendment which should amount to an effective and successful non violent demonstration by every peace minded people who would not concerned about being arrested in trying for as long as they can to stop the armed forces parade which will take place on Saturday May the 15th on Fifth Ave. between 90th and 62nd St. The plan is to group a good number of people to effectuate a sit in the middle of the street before the Armed Forces parade and stop one or two blocks before it gets to the reviewing stand which shall be somewhere along the 59 and 70th Sts on 5th Ave. as being the chairman declared to every one who intend to participate in the demonstration for peace as a mean to an end to American Intervention in South Vietnam U.S. Bombings of North Vietnam and invasion of the Dominican Republic by U.S. Marines that no provisions at all is made to bail anybody out or to place bond for any who will be arrested. As one of the attendant put out that a parade is a symbol, once one make up his mind to disturb that parade many odds charges are apted to be pressed against him. But the idea will be specifically stemmed from their determination to the world that definitely they are against the American action abroad. Committees are being formed to organize the demonstration, and other meetings of that same nature is scheduled for next Saturday at about 12:00 P.M. Leaflets will be distributed along to the spectators.
AIRTEL

TO:   DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

SUBJECT: CIRM


A review of the indices of the NYO did not reveal any subversive information concerning [Redacted].

It is to be noted that CSNY 21, who has furnished reliable information in the past, furnished information on 5/7/62, that [Redacted] was married to [Redacted] on 7/30/32. According to the source, one of the children of the [Redacted] who was born on [Redacted].
To: SAC, New York (100-153735)  Date: 5/20/65

From: SUPV.  42

Subject: CIRM

Re: Bulletin to all offices, 5/13/65.

Referenced letter contains instructions relating to CIRM, which should be brought to the attention of appropriate Agent personnel. The following information was contained in the referenced letter:

On 4/23/65, the CPUSA's National Negro Commission met in New York City, and a number of proposals were adopted by the body and their adoption was further confirmed by action of the Party's National Committee on 4/24/65. These proposals are enumerated in the Bureau's "Current Intelligence Analysis", dated 5/5/65. Two additional matters were also stressed during the Party's deliberations:

1. A Party functionary stated that "we" should have Party contacts with such organizations as the Southern Conference Educational Fund, Inc.; Southern Christian Leadership Conference; Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee; and other groups which supply medical and legal aid in the South.

1 - Supervisor #41
1 - Supervisor #42
1 - Supervisor #43
1 - Supervisor #44
1 - Supervisor #45
1 - Supervisor #46
1 - Supervisor #47
1 - RA Babylon
1 - RA Garden City
1 - RA Kingston
1 - RA Poughkeepsie
1 - RA Staten Island
1 - RA Suffern
1 - RA White Plains
1 - NY 100-153735 (42)

JCS: gmd
(15)
NY 100-153735

2. The functionary also stated that "we" should operate in a more organized way by meeting with those who are going to the South for temporary work and having them report back to the Party about their experiences.

Because of the ever-increasing importance of the civil rights movement generally, and the Party's designs to infiltrate and otherwise influence the movement, it is imperative that our investigative efforts, field-wide, be aimed at developing factual data as to the Party's actual implementation of its plans. All offices should, therefore, direct appropriate investigation through informants, sources and by other means to develop the information desired. Positive information obtained should be included in letterhead memoranda suitable for dissemination. The Bureau and appropriate offices should be promptly advised of pertinent developments. Where information is developed concerning the general matter of CIRM and specifically concerning a group under Cominfil investigation, utilize dual captions.
FBI
Date: 5/20/65

Transmit the following in __________________ (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL __________________ (Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)
SUBJECT: CIRM
(00: NY)

There are enclosed for the Bureau nine copies of a letterhead memorandum reflecting information furnished by NY 4092-S* on 5/19/65, concerning a conversation between __________ and DORA MC DONALD.

The sources used in the characterizations in this IEM are as follows:

LYL, Columbia University, 1954

BAYARD RUSTIN
NY 2359-S*
NY 4212-S*

STANLEY LEVISON
NY 694-S*

4 - Bureau (100-442529) (Encls. 9) (RM)
(1 - 100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)

2 - Atlanta (100-6670) (Encls. 2) (RM)
(1 - 100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)

1 - New York (100-73259) __________________ (42)
1 - New York (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42)
1 - New York (100-46729) (BAYARD RUSTIN)
1 - New York (100-153735) (42)

JFO: gmd
(11)

Approved: ________________________________
Special Agent in Charge

Sent ____________________________ M Per
NY 100-153735

This LHM is classified "Secret" because it contains information from NY 4092-S*, a source furnishing highly sensitive information concerning racial matters in the United States and Communist influence therein.

CONFIDENTIAL It is also classified "Secret" to protect NY 694-S*, who has furnished a concentration of information in characterizing STANLEY LEVISON. CONFIDENTIAL
SAC, NEW YORK

SA (46)

COMINPIL, S.I. CORE
IS-C

Identity of Source

Description of info Miscellaneous info re S.I. CORE.

Date Received 5/10/65

Original Located

A copy of informant's report follows:

1 - New York 100-49630 (IND) (46)
1 - New York 100-43030 (46)
1 - New York 100-14735 (46)
1 - New York 100-152320 (46)
1 - New York 100-101314 (47)
1 - New York 100-143349 (46)
1 - New York 100-109538 (46)
1 - New York 100-111573 (46)
1 - New York 100-143430 (46)
1 - New York 100-147390 (46)
1 - New York 100-153735 (CIRAM) (42)
1 - New York 100-153249 (41)

VJS: poc (13)

SEARCHED... INDEXED... SERIALIZED... M. FILED...
MAY 20, 1965
FBI - NEW YORK
On May 1, 1965 the Staten Island Chapter of C.O.R.E. held a fund raising event at the Public School No. 16 in Staten Island. There was a performance by an African dance group. The performance lasted from about 9 PM until about 10:30 PM. About 200 people attended.

After the performance, about fifty people who had attended the show went to a party given at the home of [redacted].

The party lasted until after 4 A.M.

Among those who attended were:

[Redacted]

WILBERT T/TUM.
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
MEMORANDUM

TO : SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)          DATE: 5/20/65
FROM : SA (43)                         b6  b7C

SUBJECT: COMMUNIST INFLUENCE IN RACIAL MATTERS
          IS-C

Identity of source
who has furnished reliable info in the past

Description of info
Possible Communist Link between Harlem and Africa.

Date received
5/4/65

Received by
SA (written) b6  b7C  b7D

Original location

A copy of informant's written report follows:

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<tr>
<th>INV</th>
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<tr>
<td>NY 100-138651</td>
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<td>NY 100- (PAN AFRICAN STUDENTS UNION)</td>
<td>(43)</td>
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<td>NY 105-40092 (AFRICAN ACTIVITIES IN THE US)</td>
<td>(31)</td>
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<td>NY 100-153735 (CIRM)</td>
<td>(42)</td>
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HPL:eac (12)

100-153735-1475

[Signature]

MAY 20, 1965
FBI - NEW YORK
NY 100-153735

Communist Link Harlem & Africa
Requested Information.

April 27, 1965

There is a definite link between the Communist in Harlem and Africa. The main source being the country of Tanzania.

The minister BABU of Tanzania is the go between for Cuba, China and Russia making contact here in New York with MALCOLM X and Cuban Missions to the U.N. In Dec. of 1964 BABU was guest of and the Progressive Labor Movement at the Harlem Ballroom. Among those who attended this affair were MALCOLM X. The latter three met BABU in Cuba the summer of 1964.

One of the students unions known as the Pan African Students may have some communist backing.
MEMORANDUM

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-106670)  
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-136585) (P)

SUBJECT: MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR.
SM-C

Re: Atlanta airtel to the Bu, 3/10/65; Bullet to NY 3/16/65, both captioned "CIRM"; NY airtel to Bu, 3/29/65, captioned "JAMES RIDDLE HOFFA, MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION CONCERNING"; Atlanta airtel to the Bu, 4/27/65, captioned, "MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., SM-C".

Re: Atlanta airtel dated 3/10/65, reveals that at 1380-S*, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised on 3/9/65, that a certain individual who was with Teamsters Union Local #23, located 300 West 43rd St., NYC, had, on that date, contacted RANDOLPH T. BLACKWELL, Program Director, Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), to determine whether SCLC needed any food or clothing in Selma, Alabama.

Re: Bureau bullet informed that this individual may be identical to who is an official in the International Brotherhood of Teamsters (IBT) and who serves as an Administrative Assistant to JAMES HOFFA.

6 - Bureau (RM)
   (1-100-442529) (CIRM)
   (1-100-438794) (SCLC)
   (1-63-5327) (JAMES RIDDLE HOFFA)

4 - Atlanta (100-5586) (RM)
   (1-100-6670) (CIRM)
   (1-100-5718) (SCLC)

1 - NY 100-153735 (CIRM)
1 - NY 100-149194 (SCLC)
1 - NY 62-12235 (JAMES RIDDLE HOFFA)
1 - NY 100-154955
1 - New York
NY 100-136585

The Bu and Atlanta, by reNYairtel were advised that this individual was identical to [REDACTED] and that he has been an approved criminal informant of the NYO since 1958.

[REDACTED] advised on 3/29/65, that to date, Teamsters Joint Council 16 has furnished $7,000.00 worth of food and clothing to the Civil Rights demonstrators in Selma, Alabama, and he, the informant, has about $7,000.00 in cash which will be presented to Dr. MARTIN LUTHER KING, "when he comes to New York." Complete details of the above are set out in above referenced NYairtel.

ReAtlantaairtel dated 4/27/65, reflects that AT 1384-S* informed on 4/26/65, that MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., wanted [REDACTED] of SCILC, to call a certain individual of the Teamsters Union. KING said this person has money for him and wanted [REDACTED] to tell this person that KING would meet him in NYC on 5/12/65.

The NYO was requested to identify this person and submit any information concerning him to the Bureau and Atlanta.

For the information of the Bureau and Atlanta, this person is identical to [REDACTED] who was mentioned in reNYairtel.

It is believed that the $7,000.00 which [REDACTED] advised he was going to give KING and which is set out in detail in the reNYairtel, is identical to the $7,000.00 which BAYARD RUSTIN discussed with DORA MC DONALD, Secretary to MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., as set out in reAtlantaairtel dated 4/27/65. It is further believed that when KING wanted [REDACTED] of SCILC, to call a certain person of the Teamsters Union, inasmuch as this person had money for him (KING), KING was referring to the above $7,000.00.

For the information of the Bureau and Atlanta, [REDACTED] advised on 4/26/65, that he "was tired of attempting to reach KING without getting any results", and that he was going to mail a check to KING in the amount of $7,000.00.

-2-
NY 100-136585

The indices of the NYO have been searched and references reviewed concerning [redacted] and the results are being furnished the Bureau and Atlanta by separate communication.
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
MEMORANDUM

TO : SAC, NEW YORK

FROM : SA SEBASTIAN S. MIGNOSA (45)

SUBJECT: DEMONSTRATIONS PROTESTING US INTERVENTION IN VIET NAM
RACIAL MATTERS

Identity of Source

Description of info Demonstration at Washington Square, 5/8/65.

Date Received 5/11/65

Original Located

A copy of informant's report follows:

<p>| | | |</p>
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<td>100-141170 (AL ZAGARELL)</td>
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<td>100-154786 (43)</td>
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</table>

SSM: poc (16)

(65)
On the 8th of May at about 3:00 P.M. at the corner of Washington Square South a demonstration against the War in Vietnam and U.S. Intervention in the Dominican Republic took place. The speakers were the following.

**RUSSELL NIXON**

the Dominican a young fellow of the Dominican nationality spoke of the Yankee imperialist intervention in the Dominican Republic

Reverend MALCOLM who spoke of Uncle Sam as he read in a book he was carrying with him a chapter upon the true story of Uncle Sam; as for instance how he happened to be coming about. He also called President JOHNSON as the dark side of BARRY GOLDWATER. An other man "white male" of slender built, of red hair with moustache and goatee of the same color, about 6 feet tall, spoke of our sincerity to restore peace a self determination to the people of South Vietnam and in the Dominican Republic, during that time a counter meeting was going on at the other end this one he qualified them as a bunch of liars and hypocrites because he said if they were not they should have been in the army. And he also raised a slogan against them as being cowards and less.

Among an attendance of about 200 to 300 the following were observed:

who was selling papers "The Worker"

Also was selling magazine

ALZAGARELLI: Also was selling copies of insurgent magazine

mentioned that he was on avenue D and 6th Street in front of the A. & P. Super Market passing leaflets out between the hours of 11:00 and 12:00 P.M. on the 8th of May.
At the end of the Demonstration the attendance was asked to proceed on foot to the United Nation plaza.

**********

Information in report furnished to case agent orally.
Transmit the following in (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL (Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

SUBJECT: CIRM
IS-C

Enclosed are nine copies of a letterhead memorandum reporting information received from NY 4092-S*; two copies are furnished for information to the Atlanta Office.

The sources who furnished characterizations are as follows:

1. Anonymous source of WFO, set forth in report of SA 2/19/50, at WFO, re: "NLG; IS-C".
2. NY 1190-S*

LYL,
Columbia University, 1954.

STANLEY LEVISON
NY 694-S*

4 - Bureau (100-442529) (Encls. 9) (RM)
   (1 - 100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)
2 - Atlanta (100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING)(Encls.2)(Info) (RM)
   (1 - 100-6670) (CIRM)
1 - New York (100-46729) (BAYARD RUSTIN) (42)
1 - New York (100-73250) (42)
1 - New York (100-11180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42)
1 - New York (100-148289) (42)
1 - New York (100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (42)
(1) - New York (100-153735) (42)

JMK: gmd
(13)

Approved: 5/25/65
Special Agent in Charge

Sent

MAY 25 1965
FBI NEW YORK

100-153735-14'80

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIAL No 25221
FILED
This LHM has been classified "Secret" because it contains information from NY 4092-S*, a source who has furnished information as to the racial situation in the New York area and the Communist infiltration thereof; and a concentration of information from NY 694-S* in the characterization of STANLEY LEVISON.
Transmit the following in

Via AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)
SUBJECT: CIRM
CS-C
(00: NY)

Enclosed are nine copies of a letterhead memorandum reporting information from NY 4092-S*, NY 4212-S* and NY 4099-S* in that order; two copies are enclosed for the benefit of the Atlanta Office, and one copy is enclosed for the information of the Richmond Office.

1-Bureau (100-442529) (Encl. 9) (RM)
   (1-100-106670) (MARTIN LUTHER KING, Jr.)
2-Atlanta (100-5586) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (Encl. 2) (RM)
   (1-100-6670) (CIRM)
1-Richmond (100-)
   (Info) (Encl. 1) (RM)
1-NY (100-46729) (BAYARD RUSTIN) (42)
1-NY (100-73250) (42)
1-NY (100-111180) (STANLEY LEVISON) (42)
1-NY (100-136585) (MARTIN LUTHER KING) (42)
1-NY (100-148289) (42)
1-NY (100-149194) (42)
1-NY (100-153735) (CIRM) (42)

JMK: rmv
(15)
NY 100-153735

Here follows the names and sources of individuals characterized in the letterhead memorandum:  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Chairman, LYL, Columbia University 1954</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

1. Anonymous source of WFO set forth in report of SA 2/19/50, at WFO, re: "NLG; IS-C"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NY 2359-S*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NY 4212-S*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NY 694-S*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This letterhead memorandum is classified "Secret" because it contains information from NY 4092-S*, NY 4212-S* and NY 4099-S*, sources who have furnished highly sensitive information with respect to the racial situation in the NY area and the Communist infiltration thereof, also due to the fact that the characterization of STANLEY LEVISON contains a concentration of information from NY 694-S*.
SAC, Chicago (100-41324)  5/25/65

Director, FBI (100-442529)

CIRM

ReNYairtel 4/23/65, copy to Chicago, "SOLO, IS-C," which reported on the initiation of negotiations between the Communist Party, USA (CPUSA), and the Soviets whereby various delegations of the CPUSA would visit the U.S.S.R. between May and November, 1965. One of these delegations would be of Party members active in the Negro movement.

Chicago is requested to contact CG 5824-S and New York, NY 694-S, for any available information indicating that the plans for Party people to go to the U.S.S.R. have in any way been implemented to date.

2 - New York (100-153735)
5/25/65

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-442529)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-153735)

SUBJECT: CIRCA

Reden to New York, 5/13/65.

On 5/24/65, New York City, was interviewed by SAS HAROLD P. QUINN and JOHN C. SEATON.

indicated that he is extremely close to JAMES FARMER of the Congress of Racial Equality and is in a position to advise Farmer in matters pertaining to civil rights, but he stated that he holds no official position with FARMER's group. stated that he is in frequent contact with FARMER and that FARMER visits with him in his home.

stated that he has made a number of "forecasts" with respect to civil rights matters and that most of these "forecasts" have come to be true. According to he forecast that MALCOLM X would be assassinated, that MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR. would move into the Northeast section of the country, which he did by going into Boston, Massachusetts, and that JAMES FARMER would have a success in Bogalusa, Louisiana.

3 - Bureau (100-442529) (RM)
1 - Jackson (100- ) (Info) (RM) #75456
4 - New York (100-114003) (42)
2 - New York (100-153735) (42)

JCS: gmd
(7)
During the course of the interview, [redacted] was asked repeatedly what the sources were for his information, and he replied that everything was based on thirty years of experience in these matters.

[redacted] stated that bloody violence will erupt this summer in Indiana, Mississippi. He said that this violence will be caused by sociological and economic conditions as well as the illegal traffic in alcohol which is taking place in that area. According to [redacted] this area is ripe for violence in view of the fact that the whites outnumber the Negroes.

[redacted] stated that originally he set the date of 6/10/65, for this violence, but he stated that he has been forced to revise this estimate. [redacted] stated that ROY WILKINS is determined to win a victory in Indiana where, according to [redacted] is the only place that he has a grass roots movement. [redacted] pointed out that WILKINS has never been an activist in the civil rights movement and is, therefore, operating at a disadvantage.

[redacted] stated that this will evolve into three cornered struggle with the Soviet Communists, the Peking Communists, and those whom he described as liberal Marxist-Leninists trying to gain advantage of the situation. [redacted] said that he has been forced to withdraw the date of 6/10/65, in view of the fact that all of the forces in this area have been in the process of re-evaluation of the entire situation in the light of current events. [redacted] however, forecast that this violence would occur in the summer of 1965.

[redacted] was asked what sources he had for this information, and he reiterated that he based this forecast on a keen study of such matters and his 30 years experience in this field.

In regard to [redacted] said that BELAFONTE is an "agent of the Peking Government", but he either could not or would not give the source or sources of this information. He spoke as though it was a well known fact that BELAFONTE was an agent of the Peking Government.

During the course of the interview, [redacted] tried to impress the agents that he was in a position to influence JAMES FARMER. He stated that he was instrumental in getting FARMER to suspend several chapters of CORE which were not following the
stated that it was he who wrote FARMER's remedial education program which was submitted to President

stated that he was acquainted with MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., whom he described as "stupid" who could not develop a thought of his own. stated that at the time of the March on Washington, he gave KING a speech to use on television. According to KING used this same speech on the occasion of receiving the Nobel Peace Prize.

stated that an assassination of MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., would best serve the purposes of the Peking Communists in that it would create chaos and confusion. Mr.
could offer no specific information in this regard.

terminated the interview by saying that he had another appointment.

claims to have developed a close relationship with JAMES FARMER of CORE in regard to the civil rights movement. He feels that FARMER, with all aspects being considered, is the best one to lead the Negro movement. He seemed very much disturbed that MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., might move into the New York area.

During the course of the interview, implied that he had information relating to the moral background of MARTIN LUTHER KING, JR., but he would not reveal this information.

stated that he had an intense interest in these matters. He said that he has studied Communism for a period of over 30 years and feels that the only way that democratic freedom can be advanced is by stamping out Communism. He said this is his only interest and that he has no ulterior motives.

As regards allegation that is an agent of the Peking Government, the New York Office has no information to substantiate such an allegation. As the Bureau is aware, had been an agent some years ago and is still bitter over the loss of this client. He failed to furnish specific facts to substantiate any allegation and based his knowledge of affairs on his years of experience and study. identifies himself as a "noted financier and famous author".

- 3 -
File - Serial Check Out
FD-5 (Rev. 12-65)

Transfer Sheet

File 100 - 153935 Date 9/28/65
Class. Case No. Last Serial

Pending Closed

Serial No. Description of Serial Date Charged
1485 TRANSFERRED TO 100-
153935 22/36 SEC.S.A.
SECTION # 43 A

(Crew Orleans date 5/26/65)

Employee

RECHARGE Date

To __________________ From __________________

Date charged

Employee

Location
No Duplication Fees are charged for Deleted Page Information Sheet(s).

Total Deleted Page(s) ~ 34

Page 14 ~ Duplicate
Page 38 ~ Duplicate
Page 39 ~ Duplicate
Page 40 ~ Duplicate
Page 41 ~ Duplicate
Page 42 ~ Duplicate
Page 43 ~ Duplicate
Page 67 ~ Referral/Consult
Page 68 ~ Referral/Consult
Page 69 ~ Referral/Consult
Page 151 ~ Duplicate
Page 152 ~ Duplicate
Page 153 ~ Duplicate
Page 154 ~ Duplicate
Page 155 ~ Duplicate
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